

# Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Curriculum B.Sc. Operation Theater Technology 2020-21

Published by

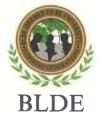
BLDE

# (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Declared as Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956

The Constituent College SHRI B. M. PATIL MEDICAL COLLEGE, HOSPITAL & RESEARCH CENTRE, VIJAYAPURA

Smt. Bangaramma Sajjan Campus, B. M. Patil Road (Sholapur Road), Vijayapura - 586103, Karnataka, India. BLDE (DU): Phone: +918352-262770, Fax: +918352-263303, Website: <u>www.bldedu.ac.in</u>, E-mail:office@bldedu.ac.in College: Phone: +918352-262770, Fax: +918352-263019, E-mail: bmpmc.principal@bldedu.ac.in



# (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Declared as Deemed to be University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956 The Constituent College

SHRIB. M. PATIL MEDICAL COLLEGE, HOSPITAL AND RESEARCH CENTRE BLDE(DU)/REG/B.Sc.-Bio-Sci/2020-21/ 187 16 May 12, 2020

# **NOTIFICATION**

- Sub: Curriculum for B.Sc. Programme in Biomedical Sciences with Semester Scheme
- Ref: 1. Minutes of the meeting of the 5<sup>th</sup> Standing Committee Academic Council of the University held on 06- 05-2020.
  - 2. Approval of Board of Management dtd.08-05-2020
  - 3. Approval of Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor vide order no.1834, dtd.09-05-2020

In accordance with the Rule-09 (ii) of the Memorandum of Association (MoA) of the Deemed to be University, the Board of Management (BoM) has approved the Curriculum of **'B.Sc. Programme in Biomedical Sciences'** in 1) Medical Laboratory Technology (MLT), 2) Anaesthesia Technology, 3) Operation Theater Technology, 4) Respiratory Care Technology, 5) Cardiac Care Technology, 6) Perfusion Technology, 7) Emergency Medicine Technology, 8) Optometry, 9) Forensic Science, 10) Clinical Genetics, 11) Audiology & Speech-Language Pathology, following Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) with Semester Scheme.

The Curriculum shall be effective from the Academic Session 2020-21 onwards, in the Constituent College of the University viz. Shri B. M. Patil Medical College, Hospital and Research Centre, Vijayapura.

To, The Dean, Faculty of Allied Health Sciences, Shri B. M. Patil Medical College, Hospital and Research Centre, Vijayapura REGISTRAR REGISTRAR BLDE (Deemed to be University) Vijayapura-586103. Karnataka

Copy to:

- The Secretary, UGC, New Delhi
- The Dean, Faculty of Medicine & Principal
- The Controller of Examinations
- The Dean, Student Affairs
- The Prof. & HoDs of Pre, Para and Clinical Departments
- The Coordinator, IQAC
- PS to the Hon'ble Chancellor
- PS to the Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor

Smt. Bangaramma Sajjan Campus, B. M. Patil Road (Sholapur Road), Vijayapura - 586103, Karnataka, India.

BLDE (DU) : Phone: +918352-262770, Fax: +918352-263303 , Website: www.bldedu.ac.in, E-mail:office@bldedu.ac.in College : Phone: +918352-262770, Fax: +918352-263019, E-mail: bmpmc.principal@bldedu.ac.in

# Vision:

• To be a leader in providing quality medical education, healthcare & to become an Institution of eminence involved in multidisciplinary and translational research, the outcome of which can impact the health & the quality of life of people of this region.

# Mission:

- To be committed to promoting sustainable development of higher education, including health science education consistent with statutory and regulatory requirements.
- To reflect the needs of changing technology
- Make use of academic autonomy to identify dynamic educational programs
- To adopt the global concepts of education in the health care sector

#### **Programme Outcome:**

• Graduates holding the above degree have immense scope to work as assistants in operation theatres both in India and abroad in Corporate Hospitals, Medical Colleges and Nursing Home.

#### **Programme Specific Outcome:**

#### After taking this course the student will be able to:

- Demonstrate ability to prepare and maintain Operation Theater.
- Demonstrate ability to maintain equipment support in an acute care environment.
- Identify and move to maintain a sterile field.
- Follow infection control policies and procedures.
- Manage and maintain theater equipment.
- Demonstrate ability to prepare the patient for operative procedures.
- Provide intra-operative equipment and technical support.
- Demonstrate skills and knowledge to assist anesthetist in handling emergencies outside of OT Room.
- Manage hazardous waste and follow biomedical waste disposal protocols.
- Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies.
- Monitor and assure quality.

				SEMES	TER-	Ι							
Code	Course Name	Credits/ Week					Hrs/semester				Marks		
No.		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Tota l hrs.	Internal Assessment	Semester Exam	Total	
				The	ory		1			1			
BOT 1.1	Human Anatomy Part I	3	-	-	3	45	-	-	45	20	80	100	
BOT 1.2	Human Physiology Part I	3	-	-	3	45	-	-	45	20	80	100	
BOT 1.3	General Biochemistry Nutrition	3	1	-	4	45	15	-	60	20	80	100	
BOT 1.4	Introduction to National Health care System (Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary)	3	-	-	3	45	-	-	45	20	80	100	
				Prac	tical							-	
BOT 1.1 P	Human Anatomy Part I	-	-	4	-	-	-	60	60	-	-	-	
BOT 1.2 P	Human Physiology Part I	-	-	4	-	-	-	60	60	-	-	-	
BOT 1.3 P	General Biochemistry	-	-	4	-	-	-	60	60	-	-	-	
BOT 1.5 P	Community Orientation & Clinical Visit (including related practical's to the parent course	-	-	8	-	-	-	120	120	-	-	-	
			Abi	lity Enhance	nent Comp	ulsory Cour	se						
BOT 1.6	English & Communication skills	3	-	-	3	45	-	-	45	100	-	100	
BOT 1.7	Environmental Sciences	3	-	-	3	45	-	-	45	100	-	100	
	Total	18	1	20	19	270	15	300	585	280	320	600	

				SEMES	TER-	Π						
Code	Course Name	Credits/ Week				Hrs/semester				Marks		
No.		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Total hrs.	Internal Assessment	Semester Exam	Total
	·	•		The	eory	•	•	•				
BOT 2.1	Human Anatomy Part II	2	-	-	2	30	-	-	30	10	40	50
BOT 2.2	Human Physiology Part II	2	-	-	2	30	-	-	30	10	40	50
BOT 2.3	General Microbiology	3	-	-	3	45	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOT 2.4	Basic Pathology & Haematology	3	1	-	4	45	15	-	60	20	80	100
BOT 2.5	Introduction to Quality and Patient safety (Multidisciplinary/Interdisciplinary)	3	-	-	3	45	-	-	45	20	80	100
				Prac	tical							
BOT 2.1P	Human Anatomy Part II	-	-	4	-	-	-	60	60	-	-	-
BOT 2.2P	Human Physiology Part II	-	-	2	-	-	-	30	30	-	-	-
BOT 2.3P	General Microbiology	-	-	4	-	-	-	60	60	-	-	-
BOT 2.4P	Basic Pathology & Haematology	-	-	4	-	-	-	60	60	-	-	-
BOT 2.6P	Community Orientation & Clinical Visit (Including related practical's to the parent course)	-	-	8	-	-	-	120	120	-	-	-
			Skill	Enhanceme	nt Elective (	Course						
BOT 2.7	Medical Bioethics & IPR											
BOT 2.8	Human Rights & Professional Values	3	-	-	3	45	-	-	45	100	-	100
		16	1	22	17	240	15	330	585	180	320	500

					S	EMES	TER-I	II						
Code	Course Name		Credits/ Week					Hrs/semester				Marks		
No.		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation	Total hrs.	Internal Assessment	Semester Exam	Total
						Th	eory					1		<u>.                                    </u>
BOT 3.1	Introduction To Operation Theatre(OT)	2	1	-	-	3	30	15	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOT 3.2	Introduction to Anesthesia Technology(AT)	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOT 3.3	Principles of Anesthesia	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOT 3.4	ATOT Directed Clinical Education-I	-	-	-	27	9	-	-	-	405	405	50	-	50
		•				Pra	ctical							
BOT 3.1P	Introduction To Operation Theatre(OT)	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	60	-	60	10	40	50
BOT 3.2P	Introduction to Anesthesia Technology(AT)	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	60	-	60	10	40	50
					(	Generic Ele	ctive Cours	e						
BOT 3.5	Pursuit of Inner Self Excellence (POIS)	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	100	-	100
BOT 3.6	Organisational Behaviour													
	Total	11	1	8	27	25	165	15	120	405	705	230	320	550

					S	EMES	TER-I	V						
Code	Course Name	1		Cre	edits/ Week		I	Irs/semeste	r			Marks		
No.		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation	Total hrs.	Internal Assessment	Semester Exam	Total
						The	eory							
BOT 4.1	Basic techniques of Anesthesia	2	-	-	-	3	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOT 4.2	Medical diseases influencing choice of Anesthesia	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOT 4.3	Medicine relevant to OT technology	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOT 4.4	ATOT Directed Clinical Education- II	-	-	-	30	10	-	-	-	450	450	50	-	50
	•					Prac	ctical					•		
BOT 4.1P	Basic techniques of Anesthesia	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	60	-	60	10	40	50
					Ab	ility Enhan	cement Ele	ctive Cours	se					
BOT 4.5	Computer and Applications	3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	60	100	-	100
BOT 4.6	Biostatistics and Research Methodology													
Total		11	0	4	30	23	165	0	60	450	690	220	280	500

					S	EMES	STER-	V						
Code No.	Course Name		Credits/ Week					H	rs/semester		Marks			
		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation	Total hrs.	Internal Assessment	Semester Exam	Total
						Th	eory						•	
BOT 5.1	Basics of Surgical Procedures	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOT 5.2	CSSD Procedures	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOT 5.3	Advance Anesthetic Techniques	2	1	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOT 5.4	ATOT Directed Clinical Education III	-	-	-	30	10	-	-	-	450	450	50	-	50
						Pra	ctical						•	
BOT 5.1P	Basics of Surgical Procedures	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	60	-	60	10	40	50
BOT 5.3P	Advance Anesthetic Techniques	-	-	4	-	2	-	-	60	-	60	10	40	50
					(	Core Electi	ive Course							
BOT 5.5	Basic of Clinical Skill Learning													
BOT 5.6	Hospital Operation Management	- 3	-	-	-	3	45	-	-	-	45	100	-	100
Total		9	1	8	30	24	150	0	120	450	720	230	320	550

					S	EMES	TER-V	/Ι						
Code	Course Name	Credits/ Week				Hrs/semester				Marks				
No.		Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation	Total Credits (C)	Lecture (L)	Tutoria l (T)	Practical (P)	Clinical Posing/ Rotation	Total hrs.	Internal Assessment	Semester Exam	Total
						Th	eory							
BOT 6.1	Basic Intensive Care	2	-	-	-	2	30	-	-	-	30	20	80	100
BOT 6.2	Specialized Surgery and Anesthesia	4	-	-	-	2	60	-	-	-	60	20	80	100
BOT 6.3	Electronics and technology in Surgery and Anesthesia	2	1	-	-	3	30	15	-	-	45	20	80	100
BOT 6.4	ATOOT Directed Clinical Education IV	-	-	-	45	15	-	-	-	675	4575	50	-	50
	Total	8	1	0	45	22	120	15	0	675	810	110	240	350

	INTERNSHIP										
Course	Course Name		Credits	s/Week			I	Hrs/semester			
Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Clinical	Lecture	Tutoria	Practical	Clinical	Tota	
	(L) (T) (P) Posing/					(L)	1 (T)	(P)	Posing/	l hrs.	
					Rotation				Rotation		
BOT 7.1 Internship 1440 1440 1440						1440					
	Total	0	0	0	1440	0	0	0	1440	1440	

# **Rules and Regulations of Curriculum**

# **B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology**

#### **Definitions of Key Words:**

- Academic Year: Two consecutive (one odd + one even) semesters constitute one academic year. Choice Based Credit System (CBCS).
- 2. The CBCS provides choice for students to select from the prescribed courses (core, elective or minor or soft skill courses).
- 3. Course: Usually referred to, as "papers" is a component of a programme. All courses need not carry the same weight. The courses should define learning objectives and learning outcomes. A course may be designed to comprise lectures/ tutorials/ laboratory work/ outreach activities/ project work/ viva/ seminars/ term papers/assignments/ presentations/ self-study etc. or a combination of some of these.
- 4. **Credit Based Semester System (CBSS):** Under the CBSS, the requirement for awarding a degree or diploma or certificate is prescribed in terms of number of credits to be completed by the students.
- 5. **Credit:** A unit by which the course work is interpreted. It functions the number of hours of instructions required per week. One credit is equivalent to one hour of teaching (lecture or tutorial) or two hours of practical work/field work per week.
- 6. **Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):** It is a measure of overall cumulative performance of a student over all semesters. The CGPA is the sum total of the credit points obtained by the student in various courses in all semesters and the sum of the total credits of all courses in all the semesters.
- 7. Grade Point: It is a numerical marking allotted to each letter grade on a 10-point scale.
- 8. Letter Grade: It is an appreciated point of the student's performance in a selected course. Grades are denoted by letters O, A+, A, B, C and RA x. Programme: An educational programme leading to award of a Degree certificate.
- 9. Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA): It is index of performance of all performance of work in a semester. Its total credit points obtained by a student in various courses registered in a semester and the total course credits taken during that semester. It shall be expressed up to two decimal places.

10. **Semester:** Each semester will consist of minimum of 180 working days. The odd semester may be scheduled from June/ July to December and even semester from December/ January to June.

**Duration of Study Programme:** The duration of the study for B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology will be of 3 years +6 Months Internship.

#### **Program pattern:**

- First Semester: July
- Second Semester: January
- Third Semester: July
- Fourth Semester: January
- Fifth Semester-July
- Sixth Semester-January

# **Eligibility Criteria:**

- He/she has passed the Higher Secondary (10+2) with Science (PCB) or equivalent examination recognized by any Indian University or a duly constituted BOTrd with pass marks in Physics, Chemistry, and Biology.
- Minimum percentage of marks: 45% aggregate.

# Medium of Instruction:

English shall be the Medium of Instruction for all the Courses of study and for examinations.

# CBCS – Definition and benefits: Choice Based Credit System is a flexible system of

learning. The distinguishing features of CBCS are the following:

- It permits students to learn at their own pace.
- The electives are selected from a wide range of elective courses offered by the other University Departments.
- Undergo additional courses and acquire more than the required number of credits.
- Adopt an inter-disciplinary and intra-disciplinary approach in learning.
- Make best use of the available expertise of the faculty across the departments or disciplines
- Has an inbuilt evaluation system to assess the analytical and creativity skills of students in addition to the conventional domain knowledge assessment pattern.

## Semester System and Choice Based Credit System:

The semester system initiates the teaching-learning process and screws longitudinal and latitudinal mobility of students in learning. The credit based semester system provides flexibility in designing curriculum and assigning credits based on the course content and hours of teaching. The choice based credit system provides a sun shone" type approach in which the students can take choice of courses, learn and adopt an interdisciplinary approach of learning.

#### **Semesters:**

#### An academic year consists of two semesters:

	UG
Odd Semester 1 <sup>st</sup> semester	July – December
Odd Semester 3 <sup>rd</sup> ,	June – October/
5 <sup>th</sup> semesters	November
Even Semester 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 4 <sup>th</sup> , 6 <sup>th</sup> semesters	December –April

#### Credits:

Credit defines the coefficient of contents/syllabus prescribed for a course and determines the number of hours of instruction required per week. Thus, normally in each of the courses, credits will be assigned on the basis of the number of lectures/ tutorial laboratory work and other forms of learning required, to complete the course contents in a 15-20 week schedule:

- a. *1 credit* = 1 hour of lecture per week
- b. *3 credits* = 3 hours of instruction per week
- ✓ Credits will be assigned on the basis of the lectures (L) / tutorials (T) / Clinical Training (CR) / laboratory work (P) / Research Project (RP) and other forms of learning in a 15- 20 week schedule L One credit for one hour lecture per week
- c. **P/T** One credit for every two hours of laboratory or practical
- d. **CR** One credit for every three hours of Clinical training/Clinical rotation/posting
- e. **RP** One credit for every two hours of Research Project per week Max Credit 20- 25

	Lecture - L	Tutorial - T	Practical - P	Clinical Training/	Research
				Rotation- CT/CR	Project– RP*
1 Credit	1 Hour	2 Hours	2 Hours	3 Hours	2 Hours
RP*	Maximum Ci	redit 20 – 25 / S	Semester		

Types of Courses: Courses in a programme may be of three kinds:

- Core Course
- Elective Course
- Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses

**Core Course:** A course, which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a basic requirement is termed as a Core course. There may be a Core Course in every semester. This is the course which is to be compulsorily studied by a student as a basic requirement to complete programme of respective study.

**Elective Course:** A course which can be chosen from a very specific or advanced the Course of study or which provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other domain or expertise the candidates ability is called an Elective Course.

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course:** Elective courses offered by the main Course of study are referred to as Discipline Specific Elective. The University / Institute may also offer discipline related Elective courses of interdisciplinary nature. An elective may be "Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)" gazing on those courses which add intellectual efficiency to the students.

**Dissertation / Project:** An Elective/Core course designed to acquire special / advanced knowledge, such as supplement study / support study to a project work, and a candidate studies such a course on his own with an advisory support by a teacher / faculty member is called dissertation / project.

**Generic Elective (GE) Course:** An elective course chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/Course, with an intention to seek exposure is called a Generic Elective. P.S.: A core course offered in a discipline / Course may be treated as an elective by other discipline / Course and vice versa and such electives may also be referred to as Generic Elective.

**Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses:** The Ability Enhancement (AE) Courses may be of two kinds: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC) and Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC).

"AECC" courses are the courses based upon the content that leads to Knowledge enhancement (i) Environmental Science and (ii) English/MIL Communication. These are mandatory for all disciplines.

Assigning Credit Hours per Course: While there is flexibility for the departments in allocation of credits to various courses offered, the general formula would be:

- All core courses should be restricted to a maximum of 4 credits.
- All electives should be restricted to a maximum of 3 credits.
- All ability enhancement courses should be restricted to a maximum of 2 credits.
- Projects should be restricted to a maximum of 20-25 credits.

# Rules and Regulation for Examination of Operation Theatre Technology Program under CBCS Pattern

- 1. Title of the Programme offered: Operation Theatre Technology
- 2. Duration of the Programme: Three years +6 Months of Internship for UG course.
- 3. Medium of instruction: The medium of instruction and examination shall be in English

#### 4. Letter Grades and Grade Points:

Adopted the UGC recommended system of awarding grades and CGPA under Choice Based Credit Semester System.

- 4.1 Would be following the absolute grading system, where the marks are compounded to grades based on pre-determined class intervals.
- 4.2 The UGC recommended 10-point grading system with the following letter grades will be followed:

Letter Grade	Grade Point						
O (Outstanding)	10						
A+ (Excellent)	9						
A (Very Good)	8						
B (Good)	7						
C (Above Average)	6						
F (Fail)/ RA (Reappear)	0						
Ab (Absent)	0						
Not Completed (NC) 0							
RC (<50% in attendance or in Internal							
Assessment)							

# Table 1: Grades and Grade Points:

- 4.3 A student obtaining Grade F/RA will be considered failed and will require reappearing in the examination.
- 4.4 Candidates with NC grading are those detained in a course (s); while RC indicate student not fulfilling the minimum criteria for academic progress or less than 50% attendance or less than 50% in internal assessments (IA). Registrations of such students for the respective courses shall be treated as cancelled. If the course is a core course, the candidate has to re-register and repeat the course when it is offered next time.

#### 5. CBCS Grading System - Marks Equivalence Table

5.1 Table 2: Grades and Grade Points

Letter Grade	<b>Grade Point</b>	% of Marks
O (Outstanding)	10	86-100
A+ (Excellent)	9	70-85
A (Very Good)	8	60 - 69
B (Good)	7	55 -59
C (Above Average) –	6	50- 54
Passing criteria for	0	50- 54
OTAT		
F (Fail) // RA (Reappear)	0	Less than 50
Ab (Absent)	0	-
NC- not completed	0	-
RC- Repeat the Course	0	0

#### 5.2 Table 3: Cumulative Grades and Grade Points

Letter Grade	Grade Point	CGPA
O (Outstanding)	10	9.01 - 10.00
A+ ( Excellent)	9	8.01 - 9.00
A (Very Good)	8	7.01 - 8.00
B (Good)	7	6.00 - 7.00
C (Above Average)	6	5.01 - 6.00

- **6. Assessment of a Course:** Evaluation for a course shall be done on a continuous basis. Uniform procedure will be adopted under the CBCS to conduct internal assessments (IA), followed by one end-semester university examination (ES) for each course.
  - 6.1 For all category of courses offered (Theory, Practical, Discipline Specific Elective [DE]; Generic Elective [GE] and Ability Enhancement Courses [AE]; Skills Enhancement Courses [SE] Theory or P (Practical) & RP( Research Project), assessment will comprise of Internal Assessment (IA) in the form of continuous comprehensive evaluation and mid-semester exam, end-semester (ES) examination or college exam as applicable.
  - 6.2 Courses in programs wherein Theory and Practical/Clinical are assessed jointly. The minimum passing head has to be 50% Grade each for theory and practical's separately. RA grade in any one of the components will amount to reappearing in both components. i.e. theory and practical.
  - 6.3 Evaluation for a course with clinical rotation or clinical training or internship will be done on a continuous basis.

#### 7. Eligibility to appear for the end-semester examinations for a course includes:

- 7.1 Candidates having  $\geq$  75% attendance and obtaining the minimum 40% in internal assessment in each course to qualify for appearing in the end-semester university examinations.
- 7.2 The students desirous of appearing for university examination shall submit the application form duly filled along with the prescribed examination fee.
- 7.3 Incomplete application forms or application forms submitted without prescribed fee or application form submitted after due date will be rejected and student shall not be allowed to appear for examination.

#### 8. Passing Heads

- 8.1 Courses where theory and practical are involved, the minimum passing head shall be 50% in total including the internal assessment.
- 8.2 Elective Courses the minimum prescribed marks for a pass in elective Course should be 50%. The marks obtained in elective Courses should be communicated to the university before the commencement of the university examination.
- **9 Detention:** A student not meeting any of the above criteria maybe detained (NC) in that particular course for the semester. In the subsequent semester, such a candidate requires improvement in all, including attendance and/or IA minimum to become eligible for the next end-semester examination.
- 10 The maximum duration for completing the program will be 6 years (minimum duration of program x 2) i.e. (3x2) = 6 years, failing which his/her registration will be cancelled. Full fees of entire program of 3 years may be liable to be paid by the students.

#### 11 Carry over benefit:

- 11.1 A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester II irrespective of number of heads of failure in Semester I.
- 11.2 A student will be allowed to keep term for Semester III if she/he passes each Semester I and II OR fails in not more than 2 courses each in semester I and II.
- 11.3 Student will be allowed to keep term for Semester IV irrespective of number of heads of failure in Semester III. However, student must mandatorily have passed each course of Semester I and II in order to appear for Semester IV exam.
- 11.4 Student will be allowed to keep term for Semester V, if she/he passes Semester I,II, III and IV OR has passed in all courses of Semester I and II and fails in not more than two courses each of Semester III and IV.
- 11.5 Student will be allowed to keep term for Semester VI, irrespective of number of heads of failure in Semester V. However, student must mandatorily have passed each course of Semester I, II, III and IV in order to appear for Semester VI exam.

#### 12 Grace Marks for UG Courses:

- 12.1 A student shall be eligible for grace marks, provided he/she appeared in all the papers prescribed for the examination.
- 12.2 Maximum up to 5 grace marks may be allowed for passing, spread over between Courses.
- 12.3 No grace marks will be awarded in internal evaluation.

#### 13 University End-Semester Examinations

- 13.1 There will be one final university examination at the end of every semester.
- 13.2 A student must have minimum 75% attendance (Irrespective of the type of absence) in theory and practical in each Course to be eligible for appearing the University examination.
- 13.3 The Principal / Director shall send to the university a certificate of completion of required attendance and other requirements of the applicant as prescribed by the university, two weeks before the date of commencement of the written examination.
- 13.4 A student shall be eligible to sit for the examination only, if she / he secure a minimum of 40% in internal assessment (individually in theory and practical as applicable). Internal examinations will be conducted at college/ department level.
- 13.5 Notwithstanding any circumstances, a deficiency of attendance at lectures or practical maximum to the extent of 10% may be condoned by the Principal / Director.
- 13.6 If a student fails either in theory or in practical, he/ she have to re-appear for both.
- 13.7There shall be no provision of re-evaluation of answer sheets. Student may apply to the university following due procedure for recounting of theory marks in the presence of the Course experts.
- 13.8 Internal assessment shall be submitted by the Head of the Department to the University through Dean at least two weeks before commencement of University theory examination.
- **14. Supplementary examination:** The supplementary examination will be held in the next semester. Eligibility to appear for supplementary examination will be as per rule number 11.1-11.5.

#### 15. Re-Verification

There shall be provision of re-totaling of the answer sheets; candidate shall be permitted to apply for recounting/re-totaling of theory papers within 8 days from the date of declaration of results.

**16. Scheme of University Exam Theory UG Program:** General structure / patterns for setting up question papers for Theory / Practical courses, for UG program are given in the following tables. Changes may be incorporated as per requirements of specific courses.

# Guidelines to Prepare Internship Research Proposal & Project

## 1. Selection of Research Problem:

Select your interest area of research, based on felt need, issues, social concern.

- a. State the problem in brief, concise, clear.
- b. State the purpose of selected study &topic.
- c. State the objectives of proposal/project.
- d. Prepare conceptual framework based on operational definition.
- e. Write scope of research proposal/project.

# 2. Organizing Review of Literature

- a. Study related and relevant literature which helps to decide conceptual framework and research design to be selected for the study
- b. Add specific books, bulletins, periodicals, reports, published dissertations, encyclopaedia and text books
- c. Organize literature as per operational definition
- d. Prepare summary table for review of literature
- **3.** Research Methodology: To determine logical structure & methodology for research project.
- a. Decide and state approach of study i.e. experimental or non-experimental
- b. Define/find out variables to observe effects on decided items & procedure
- c. Prepare simple tool or questionnaire or observational checklist to collect data.
- d. Determined sample and sampling method
- e. Mode of selection ii) Criteria iii) Size of sample iv) Plan when, where and how data will be collected.
- f. Test validity of constructed tool
- g. Check reliability by implementing tool before pilot study(10% of sample size)
- h. Conduct pilot study by using constructed tool for 10% selected sample size

# 4. Data collection: To implement prepared tool

- a. Decide location
- b. Time
- c. Write additional information in separate exercise book to support inferences and interpretation

# 5. Data analysis and processing presentation

- a. Use appropriate method of statistical analysis i.e. frequency and percentage
- b. Use clear frequency tables, appropriate tables, graphs and figures.
- c. Interpretation of data:
- d. In relation to objectives
- e. Hypothesis
- f. Variable of study or project
- g. writing concise report
- h.

# 6. Writing Research Report

#### a. Aims:

- i. To organize materials to write project report
- ii. To make comprehensive full factual information
- iii. To make appropriate language and style of writing
- iv. To make authoritative documentation by checking footnotes, references & bibliography
- v. To use computers & appropriate software

## b. Points to remember

- i. Develop thinking to write research report
- ii. Divide narration of nursing research report
- iii. Use present tense and active voice
- iv. Minimize use of technical language
- v. Use simple, straightforward, clear & concise language
- vi. Use visual aids in form of table, graphs & figures
- vii. Treat data confidentially
- viii. Review & rewrite if necessary

# **Evaluation Criteria for Project Report**

Sr. No	Criteria	Rating				Remark	
		1	2	3	4	5	
Ι	Statement of the problem						
	1. Significance of the problem selected						
	2. Framing of title and objectives						
II	Literature Review						
	1. Inclusion of related studies on the topic and its relevance						
	2. Operational definition						
III	Research Design						
	1. Use of appropriate research design						
	2. Usefulness of the research design to						
	draw the inferences among study variables/						
IV	Sampling Design						
	1. Identification & description of the target population						
	2. Specification of the inclusion & exclusion criteria						
	3. Adequate sample size, justifying the study design to draw conclusions						
V	Data Collection Procedure			_			
	1. Preparation of appropriate tool						

	2. Pilot study including validity & reliability of tool			
	<ol> <li>Use of appropriate procedure/ method for data collection</li> </ol>			
VI	Analysis of Data & Interpretation			
	1. Clear & logical organization of the finding			
	2. Clear presentation of tables(title,			
	table & column heading)			
	3. Selection of appropriate statistical tests			
VII	Ethical Aspects			
	1. Use of appropriate consent process			
	2. Use of appropriate steps to maintain			
	ethical aspects & principles			
VIII	Interpretation of the finding			
	& appropriate discussion of the results			
IX	Conclusion			
	Summary & recommendations			
Χ	Presentation/ Report Writing			
	Organization of the project work			
	including language & style of			

Signature of the Evaluator

#### 18. Eligibility for award of degree

18.1 A candidate shall have passed in all the Courses of all semester's I-VI, completed internship and submitted research project report to be eligible for award of Operation Theatre Technology degree.

The performance of a candidate in a course will be indicated as a letter grade, whereas grade point will indicate the position of the candidate in that batch of candidates. A student is considered to have completed a course successfully and earned the prescribed credits if he/she secures a letter grade other than F/RA. A letter grade RA in any course implies he/she has to Reappear for the examination to complete the course.

- 18.2 The RA grade once awarded in the grade card of the student is not deleted even when he/she completes the course successfully later. The grade acquired later by the student will be indicated in the grade sheet of the subsequent semester in which the candidate has appeared for clearance in supplementary exams
- 18.3 If a student secures RA grade in the Project Work/Dissertation, he/she shall improve it and resubmit it, if it involves only rewriting / incorporating the revisions suggested by the evaluators. If the assessment indicates lack of student performance or data collection then the student maybe permitted to re-register by paying the prescribed re-registration fee and complete the same in the subsequent semesters.
- A candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination if he/she obtains the following minimum qualifying grade / marks:-
- (a) For Core courses CT (Core Theory), CL (Core Lab), DE (Discipline centric Electives), clinical rotation and internship student shall obtain Grade B (50 % of marks) in the University End Semester Examination (ES) and in aggregate in each course which includes both Internal Assessment and End Semester Examination.
- (b) For Generic Electives (GE), Ability Enhancement (AE) and Skill Enhancement (SE) courses student shall obtain Grade D (40 % of marks) in the College Examination.

#### **19.** Guidelines for Clinical Internship or Research internship:

- 19.1 Internship may be commenced only on completion of all course work. The internship may be observed only at the clinical postings and areas of extension activities of Department of Physiotherapy, BLDEDU. No external postings will be considered during internship. Students are expected to act in a responsible and professional manner at all times during their postings.
- 19.2 Eligibility for appearing for Internship: On completion of all course work, a candidate is permitted by the Director/Principal to join internship during the beginning of the semester i.e., Odd/ Even.

- 19.3 Responsibilities during internship: During the internship period candidates should show at least 90% attendance. They must engage in practice/ skill based learning of professional conduct. Their learning outcomes must be maintained and presented in the form of logbooks/ case studies/ research project report. The appropriate formats for the postings/ clinical rotations/ research assignments will be are prescribed as required.
- 19.4 Evaluation of internees and award of credits: All internees will be assessed based on their satisfactory attendance, performance in the postings/ research labs and the presentation of the logbook. The credits and hours of internship will be as defined in the OTAT program

# **Computation of SGPA and CGPA**

- The UGC recommends the following procedure to compute the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):
- i. The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone & earned by a student, i.e.,

SGPA (Si) =  $\sum$ (Ci x Gi) /  $\sum$ Ci

Where Ci is the number of credits of the ith course and Gi is the grade point scored by the student in the ith course.

ii. The CGPA is also calculated in the same manner taking into account all the courses undergone & earned by a student over all the semesters of a programme, i.e.

 $CGPA = \sum (Ci \ge Si) / \sum Ci$ 

Where Si is the SGPA of the ith semester and Ci is the total number of credits in that semester. iii. The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

**Credit Point** Course Credit Grade **Grade Point** (Credit x Grade) Letter Course 1 3 8 3 X 8 = 24А 4 7 4 X 7 = 28 Course 2 B+Course 3 3 В 6  $3 \ge 6 = 18$ Course 4 0 10  $3 \times 10 = 30$ 3 3 С 5 Course 5  $3 \ge 5 = 15$ 4 В 6 Course 6  $4 \ge 6 = 24$ 20 139 **Illustration for SGPA** Thus, SGPA = 139/20 = 6.95

Illustration of Computation of SGPA and CGPA

Semester 1	Semester 2	Semester 3	Semester 4				
Credit : 20	Credit : 22	Credit : 25	Credit : 26				
SGPA : 6.9	SGPA : 6.8	SGPA : 6.6	SGPA : 6.0				
Semester 5	Semester 6						
Credit : 26	Credit : 25						
SGPA : 6.3	SGPA : 8.0						
Illustration for CGPA							
Thus,							
Thus,	••••••						

```
20 x 6.9 + 22 x 6.8 + 25 x 6.6 + 26 x 6.0 + 26 x 6.3 + 25 x 8.0
CGPA =______ = 6.75/B+
```

1	4	4

ii. Transcript: Based on the above recommendations on Letter grades, grade points and SGPA and CGPA, the transcript for each semester and a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all semesters may be issued.

# **Course Registration**

- 17.1. After admission to a Program, a student identity number is generated .This PRN number may be used in the process of registration for a course.
- 17.2 The registration process is a registration for the courses in a semester. The registration card is generated after a student completes the choice of electives. Every student shall register for the stipulated number of Courses/Credits semester wise even if electives are not prescribed in their regulations for the said semester. Every student must register for Elective/Ability Enhancement Courses semester-wise for the courses he/she intends to undergo in that semester within two weeks of commencement of the semester.
  - The list of students registered for each elective will be communicated to the HoDs/ Course Chairpersons. Students will be requested to authenticate the chosen electives by appending their signature in acceptance with approval by the HoDs/ Course Chairpersons. A soft copy of the registered students will be submitted to the elective course offering departments for their official use.

# **Re - Entry after Break of Study:**

The University regulations for readmission are applicable for a candidate seeking re-entry to a program.

- a) Students admitted the program and absenting for more than 3 months must seek readmission into the appropriate semester as per university norms.
- b) The student shall follow the syllabus in vogue (currently approved / is being followed) for the program.
- c) All re-admissions of students are Course to the approval of the Vice-Chancellor.

# Ranking

The first two ranks of the programme will be decided on the basis of grades of CGPA in the courses (core and DE courses only). In case of a tie, marks % [of core and DE courses only] will be taken into account.

# **Classification of Successful Candidates**

Overall Performance in a Program and Ranking of a candidate is in accordance with the University regulations.

Consolidated Grade Card – OTAT Program							
Letter Grade	% Marks Range	Grade point	CGPA RANGE				
0	80 & Above	10	9.01 - 10				
A+	75-80	9	8.01 - 9.00				
А	60-74	8	7.01 - 8.00				
B+	55-59	7	6.01- 7.00				
В	50-54	6	5.01- 6.00				
F/RA (Reappear)	Less than 50	0	4.51 - 5.00				
Ab (Absent)		0					
Not Completed	(NC)	0					
Repeat the cour	se	0					
(RC = <50% in Internal Assessi							

#### A successful candidate will be:

- i. Who secures not less than O grade with a CGPA of 9.01 10.00 shall be declared to have secured 'OUTSTANDING' provided he/she passes the whole examination in the FIRST ATTEMPT;
- Who secures not less than A+ grade with a CGPA of 8.01 9.00 shall be declared to have secured 'EXCELLENT' provided he/she passes the whole examination in the FIRST ATTEMPT;
- iii. Who secures not less than A grade with a CGPA of 7.01 –8.00 and completes the course within the stipulated course period shall be declared to have passed the examinations with 'Very Good'
- iv. All other candidates (with grade B and above) shall be declared to have passed the examinations.

# **SEMESTER-I**

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Human Anatomy- Part I
Course Code	BOT 1.1

Teaching Objective	•	To introduce the students to the concepts related to General anatomy, Muscular, Respiratory, Circulatory, Digestive and Excretory system
Learning Outcomes	•	Comprehend the normal disposition, interrelationships, gross, functional and applied anatomy of various structures in the human body. Demonstrate and understand the basic anatomy of Respiratory and Circulatory system Demonstrate and understand the basic anatomy of Digestive and Excretory system

Sr.No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Introduction to Anatomy , Terminology, Cell and Cell division, Tissues of body, Skin	5
2	<b>Skeletal System</b> - Classification of bones, Parts of developing long bone and its blood supply, JointsI- Classification of joints, Joints II- Synovial Joint, Appendicular skeleton I- Bones of upper Limb, Appendicular skeleton II- Bones of lower limb, Axial skeleton-I , Axial skeleton-II	8
3	Muscular System - Muscle I-Types, Muscle II- Muscle groups and movements, Muscles of Upper limb, Muscles of lower limb, Muscles of Neck, Muscles of back, Muscles of abdomen	7
4	<b>Joints</b> – Shoulder, Hip, Knee, Movements and muscle groups producing movements at other joints	4
5	<b>Respiratory System</b> - Introduction to Respiratory system, Larynx, Thoracic cage and diaphragm, Lung & Pleura, Trachea &Bronchopulmonary segments, Mediastinum	6
6	<b>Circulatory System</b> - Types of blood vessels, Heart& Pericardium, Coronary Circulation, Overview of mediastinum, Blood vessels of Thorax	5
7	<b>Digestive System</b> - GIT I- Pharynx, Oesophagus, GIT II-Stomach, GIT III- Small and Large Intestine, GIT IV-Liver & Gall Bladder, GIT V- Spleen, GIT VI-Pancreas, Salivary glands	7
8	Excretory System - Kidney, Ureter, Bladder, Urethra, Pelvis dynamic	3
	Total	45hrs

Sr.No.	Topics				
1	Introduction to Anatomy, Terminology, Cell and Cell division, Tissues of body, Skin				
2	<b>Skeletal System</b> - Classification of bones, Parts of developing long bone and its blood supply, Joints I- Classification of joints, Joints II- Synovial Joint, Appendicular skeleton I- Bones of upper Limb, Appendicular skeleton II- Bones of lower limb, Axial skeleton-II, Axial skeleton-II				
3	<b>Muscular System</b> - Muscle I-Types, Muscle II- Muscle groups and movements, Muscles of Upper limb, Muscles of lower limb, Muscles of Neck, Muscles of back, Muscles of abdomen				
4	<b>Joints</b> – Shoulder, Hip ,Knee , Movements and muscle groups producing , movements at other joints	60			
5	<b>Respiratory System</b> - Introduction to Respiratory system, Larynx, Thoracic cage and diaphragm, Lung & Pleura , Trachea &Bronchopulmonary segments , Mediastinum				
6	<b>Circulatory System</b> - Types of blood vessels, Heart& Pericardium, Coronary Circulation, Overview of mediastinum, Blood vessels of Thorax				
7	<b>Digestive System</b> - GIT I- Pharynx, Oesophagus, GIT II-Stomach, GIT III- Small and Large Intestine, GIT IV-Liver &Gall Bladder, GIT V- Spleen, GIT VI-Pancreas, Salivary glands				
8	Excretory System - Kidney, Ureter, Bladder, Urethra, Pelvis dynamic				
	Total	60 hrs			

#### **BOT 1.1P - Human Anatomy Part I- (Demonstration)**

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Manipal Manual of Anatomy for Allied Health Sciences courses: Madhyastha S.
- 2. G.J. Tortora& N.P Anagnostakos: Principles of Anatomy and Physiology
- 3. B.D. Chaurasia: Handbook of General Anatomy

#### **Reference books:**

1. B.D. Chaurasia : Volume I-Upper limb & Thorax,

Volume II- Lower limb, Abdomen &

Pelvis Volume III- Head, Neck, Face

Volume IV- Brain-Neuroanatomy

2. Vishram Singh: Textbook of Anatomy Upper limb &

Thorax Textbook of Anatomy Abdomen &

Lower limb Textbook of Head neck and

Brain

3. Peter L. Williams And Roger Warwick:- Gray's Anatomy - Descriptive and Applied,

36<sup>th</sup> Ed; Churchill Livingstone.

- 4. T.S. Ranganathan : Text book of Human Anatomy
- 5. Inderbirsingh, G P Pal : Human Embryology
- 6. Textbook of Histology, A practical guide:- J.P Gunasegaran

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Human Physiology Part I
Course Code	BOT 1.2

Teaching objective	To teach basic physiological concepts related to General physiology, Haematology, Nerve-Muscle physiology, Cardiovascular ,Digestive & Respiratory physiology
Learning outcomes	To understand the basic physiological concepts of General physiology To understand the basic physiological concepts of Hematology To understand the basic physiological concepts of Nerve-Muscle physiology To understand the basic physiological concepts of Respiratory physiology To understand the basic physiological concepts of Cardiovascular physiology

Sr.No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	General Physiology- Introduction to physiology, Homeostasis, Transport Across cell membrane	3
2	<b>Blood - Composition, properties and functions of Blood,</b> Haemopoesis, Haemogram (RBC, WBC, Platelet count, Hb Concentrations), Blood Groups - ABO and RH grouping, Coagulations & Anticoagulants, Anaemias: Causes, effects & treatment, Body Fluid: Compartments, Composition, Immunity – Lymphoid tissue	10
3	<b>Cardio vascular system -</b> Introduction, general organization, functions & importance of CVS, Structure of heart, properties of cardiac muscle, Junctional tissues of heart & their functions, Origin & spread of Cardiac Impulse, cardiac pacemaker, Cardiac cycle & E C G, Heart Rate & its regulation, Cardiac output, Blood Pressure definition & normal values, Physiological needs & variation, regulation of BP	10
4	<b>Digestive system -</b> General Introduction, organization, innervations & blood supply of Digestive system, Composition and functions of all Digestive juices, Movements of Digestive System (Intestine), Digestion & Absorption of Carbohydrate, Proteins & Fats	6
5	<b>Respiratory System -</b> Physiologic anatomy, functions of respiratory system, non- respiratory functions of lung, Mechanism of respiration, Lung Volumes & capacities, Transport of Respiratory GasesO <sub>2</sub> , Transport of Respiratory Gases CO <sub>2</sub> , Regulation of Respiration.	10
6	<b>Muscle nerve physiology -</b> Structure of neuron & types, Structure of skeletal Muscle, sarcomere, Neuromuscular junction& Transmission. Excitation & contraction coupling (Mechanism of muscle contraction)	6
	Total	45 hrs

Sr. No.	No. Topics		
1	Study of Microscope and its use, Collection of Blood and study of Hemocytometer		
2	2 Haemoglobinometry		
3	3 White Blood Cell count		
4	4 Red Blood Cell count		
5	5 Determination of Blood Groups		
6 Leishman's staining and Differential WBC Count		1	
7 Determination of Bleeding Time, Determination of Clotting Time			
8	8 Pulse & Blood Pressure Recording, Auscultation for Heart Sounds		
9	Artificial Respiration –Demonstration, Spirometry-Demonstration	]	
	Total	60 hrs	

# **BOT 1.2P - Human Physiology Part I (Demonstration)**

# **Textbooks**

- Basics of medical Physiology –D Venkatesh and H.H Sudhakar, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition.
   Principles of Physiology Devasis Pramanik, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.
   Human Physiology for BDS –Dr A.K. Jain, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.

- 4. Textbook of human Physiology for dental students-Indukhurana 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 5. Essentials of medical Physiology for dental students –Sembulingum.

# **Reference books**

- 1. Textbook of Medical Physiology, Guyton, 2<sup>nd</sup> South AsiaEdition.
- Textbook of Physiology Volume I & II (for MBBS) Dr. A. K. Jain. 2.
- 3. Comprehensive textbook of Medical Physiology Volume I & II – Dr. G. K. Pal.

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	General Biochemistry & Nutrition
Course Code	BOT 1.3

	<ul> <li>At the end of the course, the student demonstrates his knowledge and understanding on:</li> <li>Structure, function and interrelationship of biomolecules and consequences of deviation from normal.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Integration of the various aspects of metabolism, and their regulatory pathways.</li> </ul>		
Teaching Objective	<ul> <li>Principles of various conventional and specialized laboratory investigations and instrumentation, analysis and interpretation of a</li> </ul>		
	given data.		
	• to diagnose various nutritional deficiencies		
	• Identify condition and plan for diet		
	• Provide health education base on the client deficiencies		
	Define "biochemistry."		
	• Identify the five classes of polymeric biomolecules and their		
	monomeric building blocks.		
	• Explain the specificity of enzymes (biochemical catalysts), and the chemistry involved in enzyme action.		
	• Explain how the metabolism of glucose leads ultimately to the generation of large quantities of ATP.		
Learning Outcomes	• Describe how fats and amino acids are metabolized, and explain how they can be used for fuel.		
	• Describe the structure of DNA, and explain how it carries genetic information in its base sequence.		
	Describe DNA replication.		
	• Describe RNA and protein synthesis.		
	• Explain how protein synthesis can be controlled at the level of transcription and translation.		
	<ul> <li>Summarize what is currently known about the biochemical basis of cancer.</li> </ul>		

Sr. No. Topics	No. of Hrs.	
1 Introduction and scope of biochemistry	1	
<ul> <li>Chemistry of carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and nucleic acid– Chemistry of Carbohydrates: Definition, Functions, Properties, Outline classification with e.g. (Definition of Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharid and their examples).</li> <li>Chemistry of Proteins: Amino acids (total number of amino acids, essential and no essential amino acids) .Definition, Classification of Proteins Structural organization protein, Denaturation of Proteins.</li> <li>Chemistry of Lipids: Definition, functions, Classification (Simple Lipids, Compoun Lipids, Derived Lipids.) Essential Fatty Acids.</li> <li>Chemistry of Nucleic acid: Nucleosides and Nucleotides, Watson and Crick model DNA, RNA- it's type along with functions</li> </ul>	n- of 12 nd	
<ul> <li>Elementary knowledge of enzymes - Classification, mechanism of enzyme action,</li> <li>Factors affecting activity of enzymes, enzyme specificity, Enzyme inhibitio</li> <li>Isoenzymes and their diagnostic importance.</li> </ul>	n, 8	
4       Biological oxidation - Brief concept of biological oxidation: Definition of Oxidative phosphorylation Electron transport chain. Inhibitors and Uncouplers briefly		
<ul> <li>Metabolism of Carbohydrate: Glycolysis, TCA cycle, Definition and significance glycogenesis and glycogenolysis. Definition and significance of HMP shunt, definition and significance of gluconeogenesis. Regulation of blood Glucose level, Diabet Mellitus, Glycosuria. Glucose Tolerance Test.</li> <li>Metabolism of Proteins: Transamination, Trans methylation reactions. Urea cycle Functions of glycine, tyrosine, phenylalanine, tryptophan and Sulphur containing amin acids.</li> <li>Metabolism of Lipid: Outline of beta oxidation with energetic, Ketone bodi (Enumerate) and its importance. Functions of cholesterol and its biomedic significance. Lipid profile and its diagnostic importance. Fatty liver, lipotropic factor atherosclerosis.</li> <li>Metabolism of Nucleic acid: Purine catabolism (Formation of uric acid), Gout</li> </ul>	on es e, no 14 es val	
<ul> <li>Vitamins and Minerals- RDA, Sources, functions and deficiency manifestations of Fat soluble vitamins.</li> <li>RDA, sources, functions and deficiency manifestations of Water soluble vitamins.</li> <li>RDA, Sources, functions and deficiency manifestations of Calcium, Phosphorous, Iron, Iodine</li> </ul>		
7 <b>Principle and applications of :</b> Colorimeters, pH Meter	5	
<ul> <li>Pre examination Skills - Collection and preservation of samples (Anticoagulants),</li> <li>transportation &amp; separation of biological specimens, Sample rejection criteria, Disposal of biological Waste materials.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Nutrition: History of Nutrition, Nutrition as a science, Food groups, RDA, Balanced</li> <li>diet, diet planning, Assessment of nutritional status, Energy: Units of energy,</li> <li>Measurements of energy and value of food, Energy expenditure, Total energy/calorie</li> <li>requirement for different age groups and diseases, Satiety value, Energy imbalance-</li> <li>obesity, starvation, Limitations of the daily food guide, Role of essential nutrients in balanced diet</li> </ul>	5 .he	
Total	60 hrs	

Sr. No.	o. Topics			
1	Introduction to Personnel protective equipment used in laboratory and their importance (LCD)			
2	Handling of colorimeters – operation and maintenance (LCD)			
3	Serum electrolytes measurement (only demo)			
4	Demonstration of semi-automated / fully automated blood analyzer			
5	5 Demonstration of tests for carbohydrates (Monosaccharides, disaccharides and polysaccharides)			
6 Precipitation Reactions of protein (only demonstration)				
7	7 Test on bile salts (only demonstration)			
8	8 Tests on Normal constituents of Urine (only demo)			
9	Tests on Abnormal constituents of Urine (only demo)			
	Total	60 hrs		

#### BOT 1.3P – General Biochemistry (Demonstration)

# **Textbooks:**

- 1. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology, Volume 1, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition by Praful Ghodkar
- 2. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology, Volume 2, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition by Praful Ghodkar
- 3. Medical Laboratory Technology (Volume 1): Procedure Manual for Routine Diagnostic, Kanai Mukherjee
- 4. Medical Laboratory Technology (Volume 2): Procedure Manual for Routine Diagnostic, Kanai Mukherjee
- 5. Medical Laboratory Technology (Volume 3): Procedure Manual for Routine Diagnostic, Kanai Mukherjee
- 6. Essentials of Biochemistry, Second Edition, Dr. (Prof) Satyanarayana
- 7. Essentials of Biochemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Dr. Pankaja Naik
- 8. Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 5<sup>Th</sup> Edition, Wilson &Walker

# **Reference books:**

- 1. An Introduction to Chemistry, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition by Mark Bishop
- 2. Clinical Chemistry made easy, 1<sup>st</sup>Eidtion by Hughes
- 3. Tietz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition by Carl Burtis

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Introduction to National Health Care System (Multidisciplinary/Interdisciplinary)
Course Code	BOT 1.4

Teaching Objective	•	To teach the measures of the health services and high-quality health care To understand whether the health care delivery system is providing high-quality health care and whether quality is changing over time. To provide to National Health Programme- Background objectives, action plan, targets, operations, in various National Heath Programme. To introduce the AYUSH System of medicines.
Learning Outcomes	•	The course provides the students a basic insight into the main features of Indian health care delivery system and how it compares with the other systems of the world.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.	
1	<b>Introduction to healthcare delivery system</b> - Healthcare delivery system in India at primary, secondary and tertiary car; Community participation in healthcare delivery system; Health system in developed countries; Private / Govt Sector; National Health Mission; National Health Policy; Issues in Health Care Delivery System in India	10	
2	<b>National Health Programme-</b> Background objectives, action plan, targets, operations, achievements and constraints in various National Heath Programme.	8	
3	3 Introduction to AYUSH system of medicine - Introduction to Ayurveda; Yoga and 3 Naturopathy; Unani; Siddha; Homeopathy; Need for integration of various system of medicine		
4	Health Scenario of India- past, present and future		
5	5 <b>Demography &amp; Vital Statistics-</b> Demography – its concept; Census & its impact on health policy		
6	<b>Epidemiology -</b> Principles of Epidemiology; Natural History of disease; Methods of Epidemiological studies; Epidemiology of communicable & non-communicable diseases, disease, transmission, host defense immunizing agents, cold chain, immunization, disease, monitoring and surveillance.	10	
	Total	45 hrs	

# **Books:**

- 1. National Health Programs Of India National Policies and Legislations Related to Health: 1 J. Kishore (Author)
- 2. A Dictionary of Public Health Paperback by J Kishor
- 3. Health System in India: Crisis & Alternatives , National Coordination Committee, Jan Swasthya Abhiyan
- 4. In search In Search of the Perfect Health System
- 5. Central Bureau of Health Intelligence (1998). Health Information of India, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, New Delhi.
- Goyal R. C. (1993). Handbook of Hospital Personal Management, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 17–41. Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (1984). National Health Policy, Annual Report (1983–4), Government of India, New Delhi
- 7. Historical Development of Health Care in India, Dr. Syed Amin Tabish,
- 8. cultural Competence in Health Care by Wen-Shing Tseng (Author), Jon Streltzer (Author)
- 9. Do We Care: India's Health System by K. Sujatha Rao (Author)

**BOT 1.5P - Community Orientation & Clinical Visit (including related practical's to the parent course) (Total -120 hrs.)** 

# ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COMPULSORY COURSE

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	English and Communication Skills
Course Code	BOT 1.6
Teaching Objective	<ul> <li>This course deals with essential functional English aspects of the of communication skills essential for the health care professionals.</li> <li>To train the students in oral presentations, expository writing, logical organization and Structural support.</li> </ul>
Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>Able to express better.</li> <li>Grow personally and professionally and Develop confidence in every field</li> </ul>

Sr.	Topics	No. of		
No.	Topics			
1	<b>Basics of Grammar</b> - Vocabulary, Synonyms, Antonyms, Prefix and Suffix, Homonyms, Analogies and Portmanteau words			
2	<b>Basics of Grammar – Part II</b> - Active, Passive, Direct and Indirect speech, Prepositions, Conjunctions and Euphemisms	6		
3	Writing Skills - Letter Writing, Email, Essay, Articles, Memos, one word substitutes, note making and Comprehension	3		
4	Writing and Reading, Summary writing, Creative writing, newspaper reading	3		
5	Practical Exercise, Formal speech, Phonetics, semantics and pronunciation			
6	<b>Introduction</b> to communication skills - Communication process, Elements of communication, Barriers of communication and how to overcome them, Nuances for communicating with patients and their attenders in hospitals			
7	<b>Speaking</b> - Importance of speaking efficiently, Voice culture, Preparation of speech.			
8	Listoping Importance of listoping Salf accomment Action plan execution Derriers			
9	<b>Reading</b> - What is efficient and fast reading, Awareness of existing reading habits,			
10	<b>Non Verbal Communication</b> - Basics of non-verbal communication, Rapport building skills using neuro- linguistic programming (NLP), Communication in Optometry practice	4		
	Total	45 hrs		

# Text books:

- 1. Graham Lock, Functional English Grammar: Introduction to second Language Teachers. Cambridge University Press, New York, 1996.
- 2. Gwen Van Servellen. Communication for Health care professionals: Concepts, practice and evidence, Jones & Bartlett Publications, USA, 2009

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Environmental Sciences
Course Code	BOT 1.7

	•	To understand and define terminology commonly used in environmental science
Teaching Objective	•	To teach students to list common and adverse human impacts on biotic communities, soil, water, and air Quality.
	•	To understand the processes that govern the interactions of organisms with the biotic and abiotic.
	•	Understand the relationship between people and the environment; Differentiate between key ecological terms and concepts
Learning Outcomes	•	Current environmental issues and highlight the importance of adopting an interdisciplinary approach. Sample an ecosystem to determine population density and distribution. Create food webs and analyse possible disruption of feeding relationships.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>Components of Environment</b> – Hydrosphere, lithosphere, atmosphere and biosphere – definitions with examples; Interaction of man and environment;	4
2	<b>Ecosystem</b> : Basic concepts, components of ecosystem, Tropic levels, food chains and food webs, Ecological pyramids, ecosystem functions, Energy flow in ecological systems,	5
	Characteristics of terrestrial fresh water and marine ecosystems,	
3	<b>Global Environmental Problems</b> – Green House Effect, Acid rain, El Nino, Ozone depletion,	4
	deforestation, desertification, salination, biodiversity loss; chemical and radiation hazards.	
4	<b>Environmental pollution and degradation</b> – Pollution of air, water and land with	8
	reference to their causes, nature of pollutions, impact and control strategies; perspectives of pollution in urban, industrial and rural areas. Habitat Pollution by	
	Chlorinated Hydrocarbons (DDT, PCBs, Dioxin etc., Endocrine disrupting chemicals, Nutrient pollution.	
5	<b>Environmental Management</b> – Concept of health and sanitation, environmental diseases – infectious (water and air borne) and pollution related, spread and control of these diseases,	6
	health hazards due to pesticide and metal pollution, waste treatment, solid waste management, environmental standards and quality monitoring.	
6	<b>Environmental Protection Act</b> – Environmental Laws, national movements, environmental ethics – holistic approach of environmental protection and conservation, IUCN – role in environmental protection. Concept with reference to UN – declaration, aim and objectives of human right policies with reference to India, recent north-south	10
	debate on the priorities of implementation, Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)	
7	Bioremediation – Oil spills, Wastewater treatment, chemical degradation, heavy Metals.	8
Total		45 hrs

# **Books:**

- 1. Carson, R. 2002. Silent Spring. Houghton Mifflin Harcourt.
- 2. Gadgil, M., & Guha, R. 1993. This Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India. Univ. of California Press.
- 3. Gleeson, B. and Low, N. (eds.) 1999. Global Ethics and Environment, London, Routledge.
- 4. Gleick, P. H. 1993. Water in Crisis. Pacific Institute for Studies in Dev., Environment & Security. Stockholm Env. Institute, Oxford Univ. Press.
- 5. Groom, Martha J., Gary K. Meffe, and Carl Ronald Carroll. Principles of Conservation Biology. Sunderland: Sinauer Associates, 2006.
- 6. Grumbine, R. Edward, and Pandit, M.K. 2013. Threats fromIndia's Himalaya dams. Science, 339: 36-37.
- 7. McCully, P. 1996. Rivers no more: the environmental effects of dams (pp. 29-64). Zed Books.
- 8. McNeill, John R. 2000. Something New Under the Sun: An Environmental History of the Twentieth Century.
- 9. Odum, E.P., Odum, H.T. & Andrews, J. 1971. Fundamentals of Ecology. Philadelphia: Saunders.
- 10. Pepper, I.L., Gerba, C.P. & Brusseau, M.L. 2011. Environmental and Pollution Science. Academic Press.
- 11. Rao, M.N. & Datta, A.K. 1987. Waste Water Treatment. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 12. Raven, P.H., Hassenzahl, D.M. & Berg, L.R. 2012. Environment. 8th edition. John Wiley & Sons.
- 13. Rosencranz, A., Divan, S., & Noble, M. L. 2001. Environmental law and policy in India. Tripathi 1992.
- 14. Sengupta, R. 2003. Ecology and economics: An approach to sustainable development. OUP.
- 15. Singh, J.S., Singh, S.P. and Gupta, S.R. 2014. Ecology, Environmental Science and Conservation. S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi.
- 16. Sodhi, N.S., Gibson, L. & Raven, P.H. (eds). 2013. Conservation Biology: Voices from the Tropics. John Wiley & Sons.
- 17. Thapar, V. 1998. Land of the Tiger: A Natural History of the Indian Subcontinent.
- 18. Warren, C. E. 1971. Biology and Water Pollution Control. WB Saunders.
- 19. Wilson, E. O. 2006. The Creation: An appeal to save life on earth. New York: Norton.
- 20. World Commission on Environment and Development. 1987. Our Common Future. Oxford University Press

### **SEMESTER- II**

Name of the ProgrammeB.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology	
Name of the Course	Human Anatomy- Part II
Course Code	BOT 2.1

Teaching Objective		To teach the students the basic anatomy of Reproductive , Lymphatic Endocrine ,Nervous system and Special senses
	•	Demonstrate and understand the basic anatomy of Reproductive and Lymphatic system.
Learning Outcomes	•	Demonstrate and understand the basic anatomy of Endocrine, Nervous system
		Demonstrate and understand the basic anatomy of Special senses

Sr. No.	No. Topics	
1	<b>Reproductive system -</b> Male- Testis, Spermatic Cord, Female- Ovaries & Fallopian tube, Uterus	6
2	<b>Lymphatic system -</b> Lymphoid Organs, Lymph node groups- Cervical, Axillary, Inguinal	5
3	Endocrine system - Thyroid, Parathyroid, Adrenal, Pituitary	4
4	Nervous system - Introduction to nervous system(Neuron, ANS, PNS)	
5	5 Sensory system - Eye (Gross anatomy), Ear	
	Total	<b>30 hrs</b>

# BOT 2.1P - Human Anatomy Part II (Demonstration)

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>Reproductive system -</b> Male- Testis, Spermatic Cord, Female- Ovaries & Fallopian tube, Uterus	
2	<b>Lymphatic system -</b> Lymphoid Organs, Lymph node groups- Cervical, Axillary, Inguinal	-
3	Endocrine system - Thyroid, Parathyroid, Adrenal, Pituitary	60
4	<b>Nervous system -</b> Introduction to nervous system(Neuron, ANS, PNS) Meninges, Cerebrum I, Cerebrum II, Cerebellum, Blood supply of Brain ,Brain stem, Spinal cord, Cranial and peripheral nerves, CSF & Ventricles	
5	Sensory system - Eye (Gross anatomy), Ear	
	Total	60 hrs

# **Textbooks:**

- 1. Manipal Manual of Anatomy for Allied Health Sciences courses: Madhyastha S.
- 2. G.J. Tortora& N.P Anagnostakos: Principles of Anatomy and Physiology
- 3. B.D. Chaurasia: Handbook of General Anatomy

# **Reference books:**

- B.D. Chaurasia : Volume I-Upper limb & Thorax, Volume II- Lower limb, Abdomen & Pelvis Volume III- Head, Neck, Face Volume IV- Brain-Neuroanatomy
- 2. Vishram Singh: Textbook of Anatomy Upper limb & Thorax Textbook of Anatomy Abdomen & Lower limb Textbook of Head neck and Brain
- 3. Peter L. Williams And Roger Warwick:- Gray's Anatomy Descriptive and Applied, 36<sup>th</sup> Ed; Churchill Livingstone.
- 4. T.S. Ranganathan : Text book of Human Anatomy
- 5. Inderbirsingh, G P Pal : Human Embryology
- 6. Textbook of Histology, A practical guide: J.P Gunasegaran

Name of the Programme	<b>B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology</b>
Name of the Course	Human Physiology Part II
Course Code	BOT 2.2

Teaching Objective		To teach basic physiological concepts related to Renal physiology, Endocrinology& Reproductive physiology, CNS, Special senses
	•	To understand the basic physiological concepts of Renal physiology
	•	To understand the basic physiological concepts of Endocrinology&
Learning Outcomes		Reproductive physiology
		To understand the basic physiological concepts of CNS, Special senses

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>Nervous system</b> -Functions of Nervous system, Neuron – Conduction of Impulses, factors affecting, Synapse- transmission, Receptors, Reflexes Ascending tracts, Descending tracts, Functions of various parts of the Brain. Cerebro-Spinal Fluid (CSF): Composition, functions & Circulation, Lumbar Puncture, Autonomic Nervous System (ANS): Functions.	10
2	<b>Special senses-</b> Vision: Structure of Eye, functions of different parts, Refractive errors of Eye and correction, Visual Pathway, Colour vision & tests for colour Blindness, Hearing: Structure and function of ear, Mechanism of Hearing, Tests for Hearing (Deafness)	6
3	Skin - Structure and function, Body temperature, Regulation of Temperature & fever.	4
4	Endocrine System - Short description of various endocrine glands and their functions	2
5	<b>Reproductive systems -</b> Structure & Functions of Reproductive system, Male Reproductive System: spermatogenesis, Testosterone, Female reproductive system: Ovulation, Menstrual cycle, Oogenesis, Tests for Ovulation, Estrogen & Progesterone, Pregnancy test, Parturition. Contraceptives, Lactation: Composition of Milk, advantages of breast Feeding.	4
<ul> <li>Excretory System</li> <li>General Introduction, structure &amp; functions of kidney, Renal circulation, Glomerular filtration &amp; tubular reabsorption, Nephron, Juxta Glomerular Apparatus, Mechanism of Urine formation, Micturition, Cystomatrogram. Diuretics, Artificial Kidney.</li> </ul>		4
	Total	30 hrs

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Recording of body temperature	
2	Examination of sensory system	
3	Examination of motor system	30
4	Examination of Eye	
5	Examination of ear	
	Total	30 hrs

### **BOT 2.2P - Human Physiology Part II – (Demonstration)**

#### **Textbooks:**

- Basics of medical Physiology –D Venkatesh and H.H Sudhakar, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition.
   Principles of Physiology Devasis Pramanik, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.
   Human Physiology for BDS –Dr A.K. Jain, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.

- 4. Textbook of human Physiology for dental students-Indukhurana 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 5. Essentials of medical Physiology for dental students –Sembulingum.

#### **Reference books:**

- Textbook of Medical Physiology, Guyton, 2<sup>nd</sup> South AsiaEdition. 1.
- Textbook of Physiology Volume I & II (for MBBS) Dr. A. K. Jain. 2.
- 3. Comprehensive textbook of Medical Physiology Volume I & II – Dr. G. K. Pal.

Name of the Programme         B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology	
Name of the Course	General Microbiology
Course Code	BOT 2.3

Teaching Objective	• To introduce basic principles and then applies clinical relevance in four segments of the academic preparation for paramedical: immunology bacteriology, mycology, and virology. This rigorous course includes many etiological agents responsible for global infectious diseases.	
Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>Upon completion, students should be able to demonstrate knowledge of microorganisms and the disease process as well as aseptic and sterile techniques.</li> <li>Perform microbiological laboratory procedures according to appropriate safety standards</li> </ul>	

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>Concepts and Principles of Microbiology -</b> Historical Perspective, Koch's Postulates, Importance of Microbiology, Microscopy, Classification of Microbes.	4
2	<b>General Characters of Microbes -</b> Morphology, staining methods, Bacterial growth & nutrition, Culture media and culture methods +ABS, Collection of specimen, transport and processing, Antimicrobial mechanism and action, Drug Resistance minimization.	6
3	<b>Sterilization and Disinfection -</b> Concept of sterilization, Disinfection asepsis, Physical methods of Sterilization, Chemical methods (Disinfection), OT Sterilization, Biological waste and Biosafety & Biohazard.	5
4	<b>Infection and Infection Control -</b> Infection, Sources, portal of entry and exit, Standard (Universal) safety Precautions & hand hygiene, Hospital acquired infections & Hospital Infection Control	3
5	<b>Immunity -</b> Types Classification, Antigen, Antibody – Definition and types, Ag-Ab reactions – Types and examples, Procedure of Investigation & Confidentiality, Immunoprophylaxis – Types of vaccines, cold chain, Immunization Schedule.	6
6	Systemic Bacteriology (Morphology, diseases caused, specimen collection & lists of laboratory tests) – Introduction, Gram Positive Cocci & Gram Negative Cocci, Enterobacteraecea & Gram negative bacilli, Mycobacteria, Anaerobic bacteria & Spirochaetes, Zoonotic diseases, Common Bacterial infections of eye.	7
7	<b>Mycology</b> - Introduction, Classification, outline of lab diagnosis, List of Fungi causing:Common fungal infections of eyes, Superficial Mycoses, Deep mycoses & opportunistic, Fungi.	3
8	<b>Virology -</b> Common Viral infection of eye, Introduction, General Properties, outline of lab diagnosis& Classification, HIV Virus, Hepatitis -B Virus.	4
9	<b>Parasitology</b> – Morphology, Life Cycle & Outline of Lab Diagnosis & Classification, Common parasite infection of eye, Protozoa- E, histolytica, Malarial Parasite, General properties, classification, list of diseases caused by:Cestodes and Trematodes, Intestinal Nematodes& Tissue Nematodes, Vectors.	7
	Total	45 hrs

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Concepts and Principles of Microbiology	
2	General Characters of Microbes	
3	Sterilization and Disinfection	
4	Infection and Infection Control	
5	minumey	
6	Systemic Bacteriology (Morphology, diseases caused, specimen collection & lists of laboratory test)	
7	Mycology	
8	Virology	
9	Parasitology	
	Total	60 hrs

# BOT 2.3P - General Microbiology (Demonstration)

### **Text Book:**

- 1. Text Book of Microbiology for Nursing Students, AnantNarayan Panikar
- 2. Text Book of Ophthalmology, Khurana

### **Reference Book:**

1. Text Book of Microbiology, Baveja.

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Basic Pathology & Hematology
Course Code	BOT 2.4

<ul> <li>Understand the importance of clinical information in support accurate pathological diagnosis.</li> <li>Describe normal and disordered hematopoiesis</li> <li>Develop implement and monitor a personal continuing education and critically appraise sources of pathology related medical in Describe mechanisms of oncogenesis&amp;demonstrate an undersignetics and cytogenetics pertaining to hematology</li> </ul>	
Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>The student should submit the appropriate tissue sections per protocol to demonstrate the lesion and other clinically-relevant information needed for the final pathologic report</li> <li>To aid hematology in the reference ranges for hemoglobin, hematocrit, erythrocytes, and leukocytes in infants, children and adult.</li> </ul>

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Introduction to Pathology	1
2	Working and maintenance of instruments	2
3	General principles of Haematology techniques, blood collection, anticoagulants, fixation, processing, routine staining, Haemoglobin, TLC, DLC, Peripheral smear (CBC report), platelet counts, cell counter working	10
4	Generalprinciples of Histopathologytechniques collection, fixation, processing & routine staining	3
5	General principles of Cytopathology techniques collection, fixation, processing & routine staining	5
6	General principles of Clinical Pathology techniques samplecollection, processingforroutine test, normal urine & urine examination, urine strip, introductions to body fluids (Distinguish between Transudate and exudate)	10
7	Generalprinciples of Blood Bank techniques antigen, antibody, ABO & Rh system	5
8	General principles of Autopsy & Museum	4

9	GeneralPathologyincludingintroductionto :I) Cell Injury (Reversible, Irreversible cell injury)II) Inflammation(Acute inflammation, cells, Chronic inflammation, granuloma and examplesIII) Circulatorydisturbances(Thrombosis, Embolism ,Edema- ascetic, pleural, pericardial- effusions, Shock, Allergy, Anaphylaxis-Definition, Morphological features,	8
	And distinguishing features) IV) Neoplasia (Definition of Anaplasia, dysplasia, metaplasia and metastasis and difference between benign and malignant lesions)	
	Systemicpathologybasis andmorphologyof common disorders like I) Anemia(types-Iron deficiency, megaloblastic, Aplastic-Etiology, Pathogenesis	
10	Investigation)- II) Leukemia (Acute and chronic, Peripheral smear), AIDS(Definition, Pathogenesis, Mode of transmission, Two Confirmatory test Tridot, Western blot), Hepatitis (Types, Etiology, Mode of spread) III) Malaria-(Mode of spread IV) Tuberculosis-(Primary and secondary tb, Granuloma formation, Mode of transmission, Organs involved	8
11	Maintenance and medicolegal importance of records and specimens, Lab information system(LIMS)	3
12	Biomedical Waste, Universal Safety Precaution(Protocol to be followed after -Needle injury, chemical injury	1
	Total	60 hrs

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Working and maintenance of instruments,	
2	General principles of Haematology techniques, blood collection, anticoagulants, fixation, processing, routine staining, Haemoglobin, TLC, DLC, Peripheral smear (CBC report), platelet counts, cell counter working	
3	Generalprinciples of Histopathologytechniques collection, fixation, processing & routine staining	60
4	General principles of Cytopathology techniques collection, fixation, processing & routine staining	00
5	General principles of Clinical Pathology techniques samplecollection, processing forroutine test, normal urine & urine examination, urine strip, introductions to body fluids (Distinguish between Transudate and exudate)	
6	Generalprinciples of BloodBanktechniques antigen, antibody, ABO & Rh system	
7	General principles of Autopsy & Museum	
	Total	60 hrs

#### BOT 2.4P – Basic Pathology & Hematology (Demonstration)

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. A Handbook of Medical Laboratory (Lab) Technology: Editor) Second Edition. V.H. Talib (Ed.).
- Comprehensive Textbook Of Pathology For Nursing: Pathology Clinical Pathology Genetics. <u>Ak Mandal Shramana Choudhury</u>, Published by <u>Avichal Publishing Compnay</u> | Language English
- 3. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology- PrafulB. Godkar, Darshan P. Godkar
- 4. Medical Laboratory Technology. Methods and Interpretations RamnikSood (volume 1&2)
- 5. Medical Laboratory technology a procedure manual for routine diagnostic test vol I, II, III. Kanai L. Mukharjee Tata Mc graw hill pub. New Delhi.
- 6. Practical Pathology P. Chakraborty Gargi Chakraborty New Central Book Agency, Kolkata.
- 7. Theory & Practice of Histological Techniques John D. Bancroft <u>et.al</u>. Churchill Livingstone Printed in China.
- 8. Histochemistry in Pathology M.I. Filipe et.al. Churchill Livingstone, London
- 9. Hand Book of Histopathological & Histochemical Techniques C.F.A. Culling Butterworths Company Ltd. London.
- 10. A Handbook of Medical Laboratory (Lab) Technology. By V.H Talib.

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Introduction to Quality and Patient safety
Course Code	BOT 2.5

	• The objective of the course is to help students understand the basic
	concepts of quality in health Care and develop skills to implement
	sustainable quality assurance program in the health system.
	• To understand the basics of emergency care and life support skills.
Teaching Objective	• To Manage an emergency including moving a patient
Teaching Objective	• To help prevent harm to workers, property, the environment and the
	general public.
	• To provide a broad understanding of the core Course areas of infection
	prevention and control.
	•To provide knowledge on the principles of on-site disaster management
	• Upon completion, Students should be able to apply healthcare quality
Learning Outcomes	improvement and patient safety principles, concepts, and methods at the
5	micro-, meso-, and macro-system levels.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>Quality assurance and management</b> – Concepts of Quality of Care, Quality Improvement Approaches, Standards and Norms, Introduction to NABH guidelines	7
2	<b>Basics of emergency care and life support skills</b> - Basic life support (BLS), Vital signs and primary assessment, Basic emergency care – first aid and triage, Ventilations including use of bag-valve-masks (BVMs), Choking, rescue breathing methods, One-and Two-rescuer CPR	7
3	<b>Bio medical waste management and environment safety</b> -Definition of Biomedical Waste, Waste minimization, BMW – Segregation, collection, transportation, treatment and disposal (including color coding), Liquid BMW, Radioactive waste, Metals/ Chemicals / Drug waste, BMW Management & methods of disinfection, Modern technology for handling BMW, Use of Personal protective equipment (PPE), Monitoring & controlling of cross infection (Protective devices)	8
4	<b>Infection prevention and control</b> - Evidence-based infection control principles and practices [such as sterilization, disinfection, effective hand hygiene and use of Personal protective equipment (PPE)],Prevention & control of common healthcare associated infections, Components of an effective infection control program, Guidelines (NABH and JCI) for Hospital Infection Control	8
5	Antibiotic Resistance - History of Antibiotics, How Resistance Happens and Spreads, Types of resistance- Intrinsic, Acquired, Passive, Trends in Drug Resistance, Actions to Fight Resistance, Bacterial persistence, Antibiotic sensitivity, Consequences of antibiotic resistance	8
6	<b>Disaster preparedness and management</b> - Fundamentals of emergency management, Psychological impact management, Resource management, Preparedness and risk reduction, information management, incident command and institutional mechanisms.	7
	Total	45 hrs

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Washington Manual of Patient Safety and Quality Improvement Paperback 2016 by Fondahn (Author)
- 2. Understanding Patient Safety, Second Edition by Robert Wachter (Author)
- 3. HandbookofHealthcareQuality& Patient SafetyAuthor : Girdhar J Gyani, Alexander Thomas
- 4. Researching Patient Safety and Quality in Healthcare: A Nordic Perspective Karina Aase, Lene Schibevaag
- 5. Old) Handbook Of Healthcare Quality & Patient Safety by Gyani Girdhar J (Author)
- 6. Handbook of Healthcare Quality & Patient Safety by .Gyani G J/Thomas A
- 7. Quality Management in Hospitals by S. K. Jos

**BOT 2.6P -** Community orientation & clinical visit (including related practicals to the parent course) (Total -120 hrs)

# SKILL ENHANCEMENT ELECTIVE COURSE

Name of the Programme	<b>B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology</b>
Name of the Course	Medical Bioethics & IPR
Course Code	BOT 2.7

	• To introduce the wide range of ethical issues in health care.
	• To provide basic skills in: A) Approaching ethical issues. B) Analysis
	and statement of issues. C) Understanding the relevant ethical principles
Teaching Objective	invoked.
Teaching Objective	• Imparting knowledge and skills that will enable students to develop
	ethical answers to these issues
	• To acquire acquire specialized knowledge of law and IPR.
	•The main objective of the IPR is to make the students aware of their
	rights for the protection of their invention done in their project work.
	• Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:
	Recognize what constitutes an ethical concern in health care
	•Understanding ethical issues in Health care.
	• Understand better the complexity and multi-dimensionality of medical
	ethical concerns and uniqueness of each problem.
Learning Outcomes	Capacity to rationally justify your decision
	• Develop the ability to reason through difficult medical/clinical ethical
	issues both orally, in the context of a group of their peers, and through
	written
	• The students get awareness of acquiring the patent and copyright for their
	innovative works.
	•They also get the knowledge of plagiarism in their innovations which
	can be questioned legally.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Introduction to Bioethics Bioethical issues related to Healthcare & medicine .	5
2	Anatomy - Cadaver ethics, Human dignity, PNDT, Disposal of cadaver, Genetic Counselling	7
3	Physiology - Animal ethics, Health policy privacy	7
4	<b>Biochemistry &amp; Pathology -</b> Prudence of investigation confidentiality, Patients' bill of rights, Disposal of investigative material, Integrity, Blood transfusion	5
5	<b>Pharmacology -</b> Rational drug prescribing, Clinical trials, Risk minimization, Animal ethics	5
6	<b>Microbiology -</b> Hand wash, Drug resistance minimization, Prudence of investigation confidentiality, Sterilization procedure, Biosafety and bio hazard	5
7	Medicolegal aspects of medical records	3

	Introduction to Intellectual Property:			
8	Concept of Intellectual Property Kinds of Intellectual Property Patents,	8		
	CopyrightsDesigns, Trademarks,Geographical Indication, Infringement of IPR, Its			
	protection and Remedies Licensing and its types			
	Total	45 hrs		

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Contemporary issues in bioethics Beauchamp & walters (B&W) 4th edition.
- 2. Classic philosophical questions by Gloud (8<sup>th</sup> Edition)
- 3. Case book series and booklets by UNESCO Bioethics Core curriculum 2008
- 4. Encyclopedia of Bioethics 5 vol set, (2003) ISBN-10: 0028657748
- 5. Intellectual property rights- Ganguli-Tat McGrawhill. (2001) ISBN-10: 0074638602,
- 6. Intellectual Property Right- Wattal- Oxford Publicatiopn House.(1997) ISBN:0195905024.

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology	
Name of the Course	Human Rights & Professional Values	
Course Code	BOT 2.8	

	• To understand interaction between society and educational institutions.	
	• To sensitize the citizens so that the norms and values of human rights	
Teaching Objective	and duties of education programme are realized.	
Teaching Objective	• To encourage research activities.	
	To encourage research studies concerning the relationship between	
	Human Rights and Duties Education.	
	•This course will aim at making the learners acquire conceptual clarity and	
	develop respect for norms and values of freedom, equality, fraternity and	
Learning Outcomes	justice.	
	• It will include awareness of civil society organizations and	
	movements promoting human rights.	
	• This will make the students realize the difference between the values of	
	human rights and their duties	

Sr. No.	Topics			
1	<b>Background -</b> Introduction, Meaning, Nature and Scope, Development of Human Rights, Theories of Rights, Types of Rights			
2	<ul> <li>Human rights at various level- Human Rights at Global Level UNO,</li> <li>Instruments: U.N. Commission for Human Rights, European Convention on Human Rights.</li> </ul>			
3	Human rights in India - Development of Human Rights in India, Human Rights andBthe Constitution of India, Protection of Human Rights Act 1993- National HumanRights Commission, State Human Rights Commission, Composition Powers andFunctions, National Commission for Minorities, SC/ST and Woman			
4	Human Rights Violations -Human Rights Violations against Women Children			
5	<b>Professional values</b> - Integrity, Objectivity, Professional competence and due care, Confidentiality			
6	<b>Personal values</b> - ethical or moral values, Attitude and behavior- professional behavior, treating people equally			
7	7 <b>Code of conduct-</b> professional accountability and responsibility, misconduct, Cultural issues in the healthcare environment			
	Total	45 hrs		

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Jagannath Mohanty Teaching of Human sRights New Trends and Innovations Deep & Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi2009
- 2. Ram Ahuja: Violence Against Women Rawat Publications Jewahar Nager Jaipur.1998.
- 3. Sivagami Parmasivam Human Rights Salem 2008
- 4. Hingorani R.C.: Human Rights in India: Oxford and IBA New Delhi.

#### **SEMESTER-III**

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology		
Name of the Course	Introduction To Operation Theatre Technology (OT)		
Course Code	BOT 3.1		

Teaching Objective	To classify items to be sterilized or disinfected for OT To discuss different Methods of sterilization related to OT To discuss Methods of disinfection in OT
Learning Outcomes	Demonstrate ability to prepare and maintain Operation Theater Able to identify and move to maintain a sterile field Manage and maintain theatre equipments

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Introduction to O.T	10
2	<b>Disinfectants of instruments and Sterilization</b> - Definition, Methods, cleaning agents, detergents, Mechanical washing, ultrasonic cleaner, lubrication inspection and pitfalls	15
3	<b>Various methods of chemical treatment</b> - formalin, glutaraldehyde, thermal. Hot Air oven- Dry Heat, Autoclaving, steam Sterilization water etc, UV treatment	10
4	<ul> <li>Sterilization of Equipment - Arthroscope, Gastro scope, Imago Lamp, Apparatus, suction</li> <li>Apparatus Anaesthetic equipment including endotracheal tubes - OT Sterilization including Laminar Air flow (All Anaesthetic Instruments)</li> </ul>	10
	Total	45 hrs

# **BOT 3.1P Introduction to Operation Theatre Technology (OT)**

Sr. No.	Topics		
1	Sterilization of OT	12	
2	Handling of sterelized articles	12	
3	Lay out of instruments trolley		
4	Universal safety precautions		
5	Disposal of Biomedical Waste		
6	Preparation of Electronic	12	
	Total 60 hrs		

- 1. A A. Ahanatha Pillai Manual of AT/OT Technicians.
- 2. Berry & Kohnis-Berry and Kohnis Operating RAM Technique.

Name of the Programme	<b>B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology</b>		
Name of the Course	Introduction to Anesthesia Technology (AT)		
Course Code	BOT 3.2		

Teaching Objective	•	To know the history of Anesthesia To get an understanding of Positioning of Patient
Learning Outcomes	•	Suggesting a simple anesthetic plan commonly used anesthesia non- invasive Monitoring in the Operation Theatre

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.	
1	<ul> <li>History of Anesthesia: First successful clinical demonstration: Pre - historic (ether) era, Regional anesthetic era, Intravenous anesthetic era, Modem anesthetic era, Minimum standard of anesthesia, who should give anesthesia</li> <li>General Anesthesia Techniques: General Anesthesia., Regional Anesthesia - Including Epidural, Spinal and Nerve Block Anesthesia., Combined General and</li> </ul>		
	Epidural Anesthesia, Monitored Anesthesia Care with Conscious Sedation		
2	<b>Pre-Op Preparation</b> : Checklist, Medications, safety, consent, advanced Directives <b>Pre anesthetic assessment</b> : History – Past history - Disease / Surgery / personal history - Smoking / alcohol; <b>General physical assessment</b> , systemic examination – CVS, RS, CNS, <b>General examination</b> -, assessment and physical systemic examination	9	
3	<ul> <li>Monitoring in the Operation Theatre</li> <li>Positioning of Patient:</li> <li>Patient-Informed consent. NBM guidelines/ nil per orally Premedication - advantages, drugs used Special instructions - if any</li> <li>Machine - Checking the machine 02, N20, suction apparatus Laryngoscopes, ET tubes, airways, Cannula's and Catheters for IV accessibility, Cardiac Monitor Pulse oximeter, Other monitoring systems, Vaporizers (Face Mask)</li> <li>Drugs-Emergency drugs , other Drugs used patient care</li> </ul>	9	
4	<b>Intraoperative Management</b> Confirm the identification of the patient, Monitoring – minimum, Non-invasive & Invasive monitoring, Induction - drugs used, Endotracheal intubation, Maintenance of anesthesia, Positioning of the patient, Blood / fluid & electrolyte balance, Reversal from anesthesia - drugs used, Transferring the patient, Recovery room – set up and things needed.	9	
5	<b>O.T. Techniques:</b> O.T. environment, infection control in O.T., scrubbing, ,Surgical Attire including lead apron and goggles, zoning in O.T.	9	
	Total	45 hrs	

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.			
1	Pre Procedure Protocol	12			
2	Anesthesia Equipments	12			
3	Setting Diffcult Airway Cart	12			
4	Spinal Epidural Tray	12			
5	Cleaning, Sterilization, Care & Maintenance of Instruments	12			
	Total60 hrs				

# BOT 3.2P Introduction to Anesthesia Technology (AT)

#### **Reference books:**

- 1. Anesthesia Manual-A.A.Ahanatha Pillai
- 2. Lee synopsis (Handbook of Anesthesia)

Name of the Programme	<b>B.Sc. Operation Theatre</b>		
Name of the Course	Technology Principles Of Anesthesia		
Course Code	BOT 3.3		

Teaching Objective	•	To teach the introductory principles of anesthesia The terminologies, equipment, and techniques used for preparation and management of the OT To learn the safe use of anesthesia delivery systems and its application to individual patient care. To teach Anesthetic techniques with their application to surgical procedures
Learning Outcomes	•	Students understand the Basic anaesthetic equipment the working principle of the AT equipment Able to Monitor the physiological parameters

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Medical Gas supply: Compressed gas Cylinders-Color coding, Cylinder valves; pin index, Gas piping system, Recommendations for piping system, Alarms &other safety devices, Scavenging of waste anesthetic gases	4
2	Breathing System: General considerations: humidity & heat Common components – connectors, adaptors, reservoir bags, Capnography, pulse, oximetry, Methods of humidification, Classification of breathing system, Mapleson system - a b c d e f, Jackson Rees system, Bain circuit, Non rebreathing valves - Ambu valves, The circle system	5
3	Mapleson system - a b c d e f, Jackson Rees system, Bain circuit, Non Care of Mouth and skin (Giving bedpan & urinals)	4
4	Administration of Oxygen	4
5	Catheterization III	4
6	Passage of Gastric Tube	4
7	Nursing care during medical illness	4
8	Injection by various routes (III)	4
9	Injection by various routes (III)	4
10	Intake output chart	4
11	Blood sugar measurement	4
	Total	45 hrs

- 1. Anesthesia Manual-A.A.Ahanatha Pillai
- 2. Lee synopsis (Handbook of Anesthesia)

### BOT 3.4CP: ATOT Directed Clinical Education – I

Students will observe the basic operations of the operation theatre while interacting with the multidisciplinary team members involved in providing optimal care to the patients. The student will be introduced to terminologies, equipment, and techniques used for preparation and management of the OT. (Total -405 hrs)

### GENERIC ELECTIVE COURSE

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Pursuit of Inner Self Excellence (POIS)
Course Code	BOT 3.5

	• To inculcate moral values in students – Self-Discipline , Time
	Management, Develop attitude of Service with humility, Empathy,
	Compassion, brotherhood, Respect for teachers, colleagues & society
	members.
	• Develop Effective means of communication & presentation skills in
	students
Teaching Objective	• To develop wisdom in students for deciding their career based on their
	areas of interest and inner skills.
	• Introduce techniques for Relaxation, Meditation & Connecting with
	innerself.
	• Rejuvenation Techniques which can be used by students to distress
	themselves
	<ul> <li>To improve performance of students during various assignments,</li> </ul>
	projects, elocutions, events, quiz, interviews.
	• Students will become self dependent, more decisive and develop intuitive
	ability for their study and career related matter.
	• Student's ability to present their ideas will be developed.
	• Enhanced communication skills, public speaking & improved Presentation ability.
Learning Outcomes	• Students will be able to explore their inner potential and inner ability to
Learning Outcomes	become a successful researcher or technician & hence become more
	focused.
	Students will observe significant reduction in stress level.
	• With the development of personal attributes like Empathy, Compassion,
	Service, Love & brotherhood, students will serve the society and industry
	in better way with teamwork and thus grow professionally.
	in oction way with teamwork and thus grow protessionarry.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>Spiritual Values for human excellence :</b> The value of human integration; Compassion, universal love and brotherhood (Universal Prayer) ; Heart based living ; Silence and its values, Peace and non-violence in thought, word and deed ; Ancient treasure of values - Shatsampatti , Patanjali's Ashtanga Yoga ,Vedic education - The role of the Acharya , values drawn from various cultures and religious practices - Ubuntu, Buddism, etc.; Why spirituality? Concept – significance ; Thought culture	10

2	Ways and Means : Correlation between the values and the Courses ;Different teaching techniques to impart value education; Introduction to Brighter Minds initiative; Principles of Communication; Inspiration from the lives of Masters for spiritual values - Role of the living Master	15
3	<b>Integrating spiritual values and life:</b> Relevance of VBSE (Value Based Spiritual Education) in contemporary life ; Significant spiritual values ; Spiritual destiny ; Principles of Self-management; Designing destiny	10
4	<b>Experiencing through the heart for self-transformation (Heartfulness Meditation):</b> Who am I? ; Introduction to Relaxation; Why, what and how HFN Meditation?; Journal writing for Self-Observation ; Why, what and how HFN Rejuvenation (Cleaning)? ; Why, what and how HFN connect to Self (Prayer)?; Pursuit of inner self excellence ; Collective Consciousness-concept of <i>egregore effect;</i>	10
	Total	45 hrs

### **Books:**

- The Art of Learning: A Journey in the Pursuit of Excellence, Josh Waitzkin, Simon and Schuster, 2007
- Reality at Dawn. By Shri Ram Chandra, Published by ISRC

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Organizational Behavior
Course Code	BOT 3.6

	• To understand the initial insights into underlying principles and
	• To understand the initial insights into underlying principles and
Tooching Objective	fundamental theories of organizational behaviour.
	• The Student should develop a sense of what falls under the domain of
	organizational behaviour.
Teaching Objective	• He should develop an understanding of academic views on the
	behaviour and motivations of people in organizations and the purposes
	of organizations.
	• This course clearly takes an academic and scientific lens with the aim
	of understanding human behaviour in organizations.
	• Describe and apply motivation theories to team and organizational
	scenarios in order achieve a team's or an organization's goals and
	objectives.
	• Explain the effect of personality, attitudes, perceptions and attributions
Learning Outcomes	on their own and other's behaviours in team and organizational settings.
	• Explain types of teams and apply team development, teameffectiveness,
	and group decision making models and techniques.
	Analyse and apply leadership theories and better understand their own
	leadership style.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Organizational Behavior - Definition - Importance - Historical Background - Fundamental concepts of OB - 21st Century corporate - Different models of OB i.e. autocratic, custodial, supportive	6
2	<b>Organization Structure and Design</b> - Authority and Responsibility Relationships - Delegation of Authority and Decentralization - Interdepartmental Coordination - Emerging Trends in Corporate Structure, Strategy and Culture - Impact of Technology on Organizational design - Mechanistic vs Adoptive Structures – Formal and Informal Organization	8
3	Perception Process - Nature & Importance - Perceptual Selectivity - Perceptual Organization - Social Perception - Impression Management	6
4	Learning - Process of Learning - Principles of Learning - Organizational Reward Systems - BehavioralManagement	6
5	Motivation - Motives - Characteristics - Classification of motives - Primary Motives - Secondary motives - Morale - Definition and relationship with productivity - MoraleIndicators	6
6	Leadership - Definition - Importance - Leadership Styles - Models and Theories of LeadershipStyles	7
7	Conflict Management - Traditional vis-a-vis Modern view of conflict - Constructive and Destructive conflict - Conflict Process - Strategies for encouraging constructive conflict - Strategies for resolving destructiveconflict	6
	Total	45 hrs

### **Books:**

- 1. Organizational Behavior, 9th Ed. Stephen Robbins
- 2. Human Behaviour at work Davis and Newstorm
- 3. Organizational Behaviour Uma Sekaran
- 4. Organizational Behaviour Fred Luthans
- 5. Organizational Behaviour K.Aswathappa
- 6. Human Behaviour at Work Keith Davis
- 7. Organizational Behaviour Jit S.Chandran
- 8. Human Relations & Organizational Behaviour R.S.Dwivedi
- 9. Organizational Behaviour McShane

### SEMESTER-IV

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Basic Techniques of Anesthesia
Course Code	BOT 4.1

Teaching Objective	<ul> <li>To explain the rational selection of regional Anesthesiastechniques and the choice of local Anesthesia.</li> <li>To teach the depth of general anesthesia and its mechanism</li> </ul>
Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>Student learns the rational use selection of regional Anesthesia techniques and the choice of local Anesthesia.</li> <li>Incorporates Basic understanding of immediate in preoperative patient management.</li> <li>Performs skills for Management of patients in post-anesthesia recovery room</li> </ul>

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>Resuscitation techniques:</b> . Basic life support (Airway, breathing, circulation) and the equipment used for it, Drugs used in CPR, AED and Defibrillators	15
2	Anesthesia drugs and techniques: Principles of anesthesia, Basics of general anesthesia depth, mechanism and intubation, Techniques of general anesthesia, Various intravenous and inhalational agents, Regional anesthesia, spinal and epidural, posture and drugs, Local Anesthetic agents, Neuro muscular blocking agents, Principles of oxygen administration along with the apparatus, Care of patient in the recovery room, Post-operative pain: evaluation and management, Types of fluid and therapy, Blood and blood components transfusion, Preparation of anesthesia machine, intubation kit, suction machine, anesthesia drugs, Patient identification, marking, shifting to OT before surgery and out of OT, to recovery roomafter surgery, complete takeover and handover of the patient with vital signs recording before and after surgical procedure to the nursing staff.	15
	Total	30 hrs

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.	
1	Types of Anesthesia (Preparation)	4	
2	Boyle's anesthesia apparatus and other Advanced Anesthesia machines	4	
3	Endotracheal tubes: Selection of the material used for the endotracheal tube Study of the structure of various types of the endotracheal tubes. Cleaning and sterilization of ETT	4	
4	Mask: Material, structure and importance of dead space of face mask, Cleaning and sterilization.	4	
5	Supraglottic airways.	4	
6	Spinal and epidural blocks: equipment, types of spinal and epidural 4		
7	Laryngeal sprays: Types, structure and material used, mechanism, uses and their maintenance		
8	Surgical Safety Checklist	4	
9	Introperative Monitoring	4	
10	Pre-operative Evaluation and consent for surgery	4	
11	Pediatric Anesthesia	4	
12	Assisting Anesthetist	4	
13	Various Gas Cylinders, Central Gas Pipeline, CENTRAL Suction, Explosion Risk 4		
14	Surgical Safety Checklist	4	
15	Intraoperative Monitoring	4	
	Total	60 hrs	

# **BOT 4.1P- Basic techniques of Anesthesia**

- 1. Anesthesia manual –A.A. Ahanatha Pillai
- 2. Lee synopsis (Handbook of Anesthesia)

BLDE (Deemed to be University)

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Medical Diseases Influencing Choice of Anesthesia
Course Code	BOT 4.2

Teaching Objective	•	The students will learn the application of anaesthetic medications in Various Heart diseases. Respiratory diseases such asChronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease and Acute Respiratory Failure in renal diseases, diseases of Liver and endocrine disorders and In metabolic Diseases
Learning Outcomes	•	Students understand the apply the knowledge related to drugs, calculations of anesthetic medications in different cardiovascular, respiratory and renal diseases.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>Ischemic Heart Disease: Risk factors</b> : Medications, Acute MI, and Anesthesia for IHD cases. Post op management	4
2	Valvular Heart Disease: Mitral stenosis: Anaesthetic problems, Aortic regurgitation	4
3	Hypertension: Drugs Anesthesia for Hypertension. Hypertensive Crises. Complications	4
4	<b>Respiratory Diseases:</b> COPD, Bronchiectasis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Acute Respiratory Failure, Tuberculosis	4
5	<b>Diseases of CNS</b> - Cerebral Oedema & Its Management, Ocular Trauma, Meningitis, Encephalitis	4
6	<b>Disearses of Liver and Biliary Tract</b> -Liver Functions, Liver Function Tests, Hepatitis, Jaundice, Types, Cirrhosis; Hepatorenal Syndrome	
7	<b>Renal Disease:</b> Functions of Kidney, Kidney Function, tests, Renal Failure, Anesthesia for renal failure patients (Acute and Chronic), Urinary Tract Infection	4
8	Water Electrolyte & Acid Base Disturbances: Distribution of Body Water,Dehydration, Hyperkalaemia, Hypokalaemia, Sodium, Calcium, Acid BaseDisturbances – Types And Treatment	4
9	<b>Endocrine Disease :</b> Diabetes Mellitus, <b>Thyroid Dysfunction</b> – Thyrotoxicosis, Hypothyroidism, Adrenal Gland Dysfunction, Diabetes Insipidus.	4
10	Obesity, Anaemia, Iron Deficiency Anaemia	3
11	Head Injury: Classification, Mechanisim of Head Injury, SDH, EDH, SAH	3
12	Introduction To Obestertrics	3
Total		

- 1. George Mathews:- Handbook Medicine
- 2. Lee Synosis: Anaethesia Handbook

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Medicine Relevant To Operation Theatre Technology
Course Code	BOT 4.3

	•	To learn in detail about the medicines relevant to OT such as
<b>Teaching Objective</b>		Antisialagogues, Sedatives, Anxiolytics and Narcotics
	•	To learn also about Antiemetic's, Muscle Relaxants and Local
		Anaesthetics commonly used in OT and Emergency Medications
	•	Students know thoroughly the medicines relevant to OT such
Learning Outcomes		Antisialagogues, Sedatives, Anxiolytics and Narcotics understand the
Learning Outcomes		use of muscle relaxant and Local Anaesthetics commonly used in OT
		have knowledge and use of Emergency medicines

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Antisialagogues: Atropine, Glycopyrrolate, Sedatives I Anxiolytics:Diazepam, Midazolam, Phenergan, Lorazepam, <b>Narcotics:</b> Morphine, Pethidine, Fentanyl, Pentazozine, tramadol.	9
2	Antiemetic's: Metoclopramide, Ondansetron, Dexamethasone Induction Agent: Thiopentone, Diazepam, Midazolam, Ketamine, Propofol Etomidate Reversal Agents: Neostigmine, Glycopyrrolate, Atropine, Naloxone, Flumazenil (Diazepam).	9
3	Muscle Relaxants: Depolarizing - Suxamethonium, Non depolarizing – Vecuronium Atracurium, Rocuranium. Inhalational Gases: Gases-02, N20, Air, Agents-Ether, Halothane, Isoflurane, Sevoflurane, Desflurane, Reversal Agents: Neostigmine, Glycopyrrolate, Atropine, Naloxone, Flumazenil (Diazepam).	9
4	<b>Local Anesthetics:</b> Xylocaine, Bupivacaine-Topical,PRilocaine-Jelly, Emla-Ointment, Etidocaine, Ropivacaine	9
5	<b>Emergency Drugs :</b> Mode or administration, dilution, dosage and effects Adrenaline, Atropine, Ephedrine, Mephentramine, Bicarbonate, calcium, potassium, Inotropes: dopamine, dobutamine, amiodarone, Aminophylline, hydrocortisone, antihistaminic, Antihypertensive –Beta-blockers, Ca-channel blockers, Antiarrhythmic- xylocard, Vasodilators- nitroglycerin & sodium nitroprusside, Respiratory system- Bronchodilators. Renal system- Diuretics, frusemide, mannitol	9
	Total	45 hrs

- 1. Lee Synosis
- 2. Morgan (Anesthesia Books)
- 3. Tripathi (Book of Pharmacology)

### **BOT 4.4CP: ATOT Directed Clinical Education – Part II**

Students will gain additional skills in clinical preparation, interaction with patients and professional personnel. Students apply knowledge from previous clinical learning experience under the supervision of a senior technical officer

# (Total - 450 hrs.)

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Computers and Applications
Course Code	BOT 4.5

# ABILITY ENHANCEMENT ELECTIVE COURSE

	• Learn IT applications in medicine and allied health care field.
	• Introduction to health informatics.
<b>Teaching Objective</b>	• Understand the theories and practices adopted in Hospital Information
	Systems in the light of medical standards, medical data formats and
	recent trends in Hospital Information Systems.
	• Discuss about health informatics and different IT applications in allied
Learning Outcomes	health care.
	• Explain the function of Hospital Information Systems
	Analyze medical standards

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Introduction to computer: Introduction, characteristics of computer, block diagram of computer, generations of computer, computer languages.	1
2	Input output devices: Input devices(keyBOTrd, point and draw devices, data scanning devices, digitizer, electronic card reader, voice recognition devices, vision-input devices), output devices(monitors, pointers, plotters, screen image projector, voice response systems).	3
3	Processor and memory: The Central Processing Unit (CPU), main memory.	4
4	Storage Devices: Sequential and direct access devices, magnetic tape, magnetic disk, optical disk, mass storage devices.	3
5	Introduction of windows: History, features, desktop, taskbar, icons on the desktop, operation with folder, creating shortcuts, operation with windows (opening, closing, moving, resizing, minimizing and maximizing, etc.).	5
6	Introduction to MS-Word: introduction, components of a word window, creating, opening and inserting files, editing a document file, page setting and formatting the text, saving the document, spell checking, printing the document file, creating and editing of table, mail merge.	5
7	Introduction to Excel: introduction, about worksheet, entering information, saving workbooks and formatting, printing the worksheet, creating graphs.	5
8	Introduction to power-point: introduction, creating and manipulating presentation, views, formatting and enhancing text, slide with graphs.	5
9	Introduction of Operating System: introduction, operating system concepts, types of operating system.	4
10	Computer networks: introduction, types of network (LAN, MAN, WAN, Internet, Intranet), network topologies (star, ring, bus, mesh, tree, hybrid), components of network.	5
11	Internet and its Applications: definition, brief history, basic services (E-Mail, File Transfer Protocol, telnet, the World Wide Web (WWW)), www browsers, use of the internet.	4

12     Application of Computers in clinical settings.		1
	Total	45 hrs

### **Text books:**

- Mausner & bahn : Epidemiology-An Introductory text, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.,W.B.Saunders Co.
   Richard f. Morton & j. Richard hebd : A study guide to Epidemiology and Biostatistics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., University Park Press, Baltimore.
  (3) Sylvia W Smoller, J Smoller, Biostatistics & Epidemiology A Primer for health and
- Biomedical professionals, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Springs, 2015

BLDE (Deemed to be University)

Name of the Programme	<b>B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology</b>
Name of the Course	<b>Biostatistics and Research Methodology</b>
Course Code	BOT 4.6

Teaching Objective	<ul> <li>To enable students to present, analyze and interpret data.</li> <li>To enable students to use concepts of probability in business situations.</li> <li>To enable students to make inferences from samples drawn from large datasets.</li> <li>To enable students to apply univariate and multivariate statistical techniques.</li> </ul>
Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>To understand the importance &amp; Methodology for research</li> <li>To learn in detail about sampling, probability and sampling distribution, significance tests correlation and regression, sample size determination, study design and multivariate analysis.</li> </ul>

Sr. No.	Topics		
1	Introduction to research methods	5	
2	Identifying research problem	5	
3	Ethical issues in research	5	
4	4 Research design		
5	5 Basic Concepts of Biostatistics		
6 Types of Data		5	
7	Research tools and Data collection methods	5	
8	8 Sampling methods		
9	Developing a research proposal	5	
	Total	45 hrs	

#### **Text books:**

- Mausner & bahn : Epidemiology-An Introductory text, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.,W.B.Saunders Co.
   Richard f. Morton & j. Richard hebd : A study guide to Epidemiology and
- Biostatistics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., University Park Press, Baltimore.
  (3) Sylvia W Smoller, J Smoller, Biostatistics & Epidemiology A Primer for health and Biomedical professionals, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Springs, 2015

### **SEMESTER-V**

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Basics of Surgical Procedures
Course Code	BOT 5.1

Teaching Objective	•	To learn to assist in General surgical procedure and learn about para- surgical equipment To learn about Blood Transfusion and its procedures
Learning Outcomes	•	Able to assist anesthesiologists in pre-operative, surgical theater, recovery room, and post-operative intensive care procedures in both minor and major surgeries.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>Blood Transfusion:</b> History of discovery of blood groups and genetics of blood groups, Types of blood groups and Rh factor, Coombs test, Collection of blood, its preservation and standardization, Various types of blood and blood products(Packed cells, PRP, FFP), Pre-transfusion checks, Pre-transfusion checks, Fluids and electrolytes, Body fluid compartments and the effect of fluid administration on them, Types of fluids (crystalloids and colloids) and their chemical composition, Indications of specific fluids and their complications	15
2	<ul> <li>General surgical procedure and para-surgical equipment: Operating tables: structure, material used maintenance, control, Hydraulic system, and Electrical system, Different types of diathermy machine. Monopola, Bipolar, Scalpel, Principle, hazards, prevention, functioning and maintenance, Types of operation lights and light sources:</li> <li>Features, Care, cleaning, sterilization, and maintenance, Operation Theatre sterilization- Different recent advances, LAR/APRPositioning of patient, care-Prevention of hazards, Venesection and Tracheostomy, Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy – Pneumoperitoneum - Creation and removing, principles, Emergency surgical procedures and trauma, Shock, Positioning of patient for different operations: Problems and hazards, Hypothermia and hyperthermia.</li> </ul>	
	Total	30 hrs

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Positioning during surgeries	10
2	Use of Comfort Devices –Bed Cradle, sand bags, bed Blocks, Cardiac Table	10
3	Assist in venesection Collection/ assist in collection of Blood, gastric Contents, I V. infusion,	20
4	Calculation of fluid, starting/administration of iv Fluids,	5
5	use of infusion pumps, Assist with blood transfusion Total parenteral Nutrition, Administration of Topical applications	10
6	Assist in dressing, Suture care, Care of Drain	5
	Total	60 hrs

#### **BOT 5.1P – Basics of surgical procedures**

- 1. Anesthesia Manual A.A
- 2. Less Synopsis- Book of Anesthesia
- 3. Medical Surgical- Brunner & Siddharath

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	CSSD procedures
Course Code	BOT 5.2

Teaching Objective	•	To learn in detailPrinciples of sterilization and disinfection. Methods of sterilization Methods of disinfection Hazards and Prevention of hazards of sterilization
	•	Able to manage Central sterile supply department.
Learning Outcomes	•	Show efficiency in methods of sterilization
Learning Outcomes	•	Independently demonstrated skills of disinfection and sterilization
	•	Verbalizes methods and prevention of infection

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Principles of sterilization and disinfection, Methods of sterilization, Dry Sterilization, Wet sterilization, Gaseous sterilization, Chemical sterilization, Sterilization by radiation (Gamma rays, ultraviolet rays), Techniques of sterilization of rubber articles. (LMA, FOB, ETT, Laryngoscopes, Anesthesia machines and circuits.), Technique of sterilization of carbonized articles, Methods of disinfection, Boiling, Chemical disinfection, Hazards of sterilization, Prevention of hazards of sterilization, Precautions to be taken during sterilization, Recent advance in the methods of sterilization	30
	Total	
		<b>30 hrs</b>

### **Reference:**

1 Anesthesia Manual- A. A. Ahanatha Pillai

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Advance Anesthesia Techniques
Course Code	BOT 5.3

Teaching Objective	•	Students will Demonstrate competence in advanced Anesthesia procedures such as Artificial ventilation and cardiopulmonary bypass and other procedures performed in Minor OT
Learning Outcomes	•	Able to assist anaesthesiologists in advanced Anesthesia procedures such as artificial ventilation and cardiopulmonary bypass.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.	
1	Heart as a pump, Cardiac cycle, Cardiac contractility and stroke volume, Cardiac output and its measurement, Various ECG Leads, their placement and Normal ECG, Cardiac Arrhythmias (atrial fibrillation, ventricular tachycardia, extra systoles) , Circulatory shock and its physiology, Cardiac failure, Regulation of arterial pressure and hypertension (Drugs used for treatment of hypertension), , Artificial ventilation and related equipment, Physiology of IPPV (Intermittent positive pressure ventilation), Principles of mechanical ventilation, Various modes of IPPV, Operating Room Ventilators, Complications in patients on Ventilators, General care of a patient on ventilator, Disinfection and sterilization of ventilators, Humidification, Principles of oxygen administration and methods used to deliver oxygen, Acid base balance, Electrolyte imbalance and its relevance to anesthesia	45	
	Total		

# BOT 5.3P – Advance Anesthesia Techniques

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Heart lung machine –catheters, Rollers, Pumps	15
2	ECG, Leads, Placement, assessment, Recording and Reporting	15
3	Modes of Ventilator, Ventillatory setting and monitoring	15
4	Oxygen Therapy	15
Total		60 hrs

#### **Reference:**

1. Lee Synopsis:- Anesthesia Book 2. Mechanical Ventilation Book – By Chang

#### **BOT 5.4CP: ATOT Directed Clinical Education – Part III**

Students will improve their skills in clinical procedures. Progressive interaction with patients and professional personnel are monitored as students practice in a supervised setting. Additional areas include problem solving, identifying machine components and basic side effect management. Students will demonstrate competence in beginning, intermediate, and advanced procedures.

(Total- 450 hrs)

# **CORE ELECTIVE COURSES**

Name of the Programme	<b>B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology</b>
Name of the Course	Basics of Clinical Skill Learning
Course Code	BOT 5.5

Teaching Objective	<ul> <li>To Understand the basic ideas on how to check for Vital Signs of the Patient</li> <li>This course the Student will learn how to handle the patients and their positioning</li> <li>They will also learn on the Basics of Nasal-Gastric Tube</li> <li>The Students will learn on Administration of IV, IV and Medication</li> <li>Also they will know about Cleanliness in the Asepsis</li> </ul>
Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>After successful accomplishment of the course, the students would be able to Measure Vital Signs, do basic physical Examination of the patients, NG tube basics, Administration of Medicines</li> <li>The students will learn about Asepsis, and the Cleanliness related to asepsis and on mobility of the patients</li> </ul>

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>MEASURING VITAL SIGNS:</b> Temperature: Axillaries Temperature, Pulse: Sites of pulse, Measurement, Respiratory, Blood Pressure, Pain: Pain Scale	5
2	<b>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:</b> Observation, Auscultation(Chest), Palpation, Percussion, History Taking	10
3	<b>FEEDING: ENTRAL FEEDING, NG TUBE:</b> Measurement, Procedure, Care, Removal of Nasal-Gastric Tube, Nasal-Gastric Tube Feeding, and Parentral Nutrition.	10
4	<b>ADMINISTRATIONS:</b> Oral, Intravenous, Intramuscular, Subcutaneous, Recapping of Syringe, Loading of Drugs, Calculation of Drugs, Venipuncture, IV Infusion, Cannula, Attachment of IV infusion Set, Fluid Collection, Heparin Lock, Maintenance of IV set, Performing Nebulizer Therapy, Inhaler, Oxygen Therapy (Nasal, prongs, nasal Catheter,Venturi Mask, face mask)	10
5	ASEPSIS:Hand wash Techniques,(Medical, Surgical) Universal Precaution, Protecting Equipments: Using Sterile Gloves, Opening a Sterile package and Establishing a Sterile Field, Sterile Dressing Changes, Surgical Attire ,Wound Dressing, Suture Removal, Cleaning and Application of Sterile Dressing, Wearing and Removal of personal protective Equipment	5
6	<b>MOBILITY AND SUPPORT:</b> Moving and Positioning, range of Motion exercises (Active & Passive) Assisting for Transfer, Application of Restraints	5
	Total	45 hrs

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Hospital Operation Management
Course Code	BOT 5.6
Teaching Objective	<ul> <li>To promote scientific management of hospital and advancement of health care systems so as to make it rational, responsive and cost efficient</li> <li>To promote the development of high quality of hospital care in the community and the country.</li> <li>It has to provide a satisfactory environment to the patient and also to the doctors for clinical research.</li> </ul>
Learning Outcomes	<ul> <li>Understand and apply resource management concepts (personnel, finance, and material resources) and the processes and strategies needed in specific hospital sectors</li> <li>Communicate effectively and develop their leadership and teambuilding abilities</li> <li>Apply modern change management and innovation management concepts to optimize structures</li> <li>Analyze existing hospital service policies and enhance their alignment within the local and national context</li> </ul>

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	<b>MEDICO-LEGAL CASES:</b> Introduction,Laws associated with Medico-Legal Cases, Three Core Contents in Medico-legal cases w.r.t Doctors, Patient & Profession,	5
2	<b>CONSIDERATIONS OF ETHICS:</b> Consent, Confidentiality, Mental Health, End of life and Organ Transportation, Research & Clinical Trials	10
3	<b>HOSPITAL INFORMATION SYSTEM(HIS):</b> Hospital Information System Management, software applications in registration, billing, investigations, reporting, medical records management, Security and ethical challenges	10
4	<b>EQUIPMENT OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT:</b> Hospital equipment repair and maintenance, types of maintenance, job orders, equipment maintenance log books, AMCS	10
5	<b>ROLE OF MEDICAL RECORDS IN HEALTH CARE MANAGEMENT:</b> Computers for Medical records, Developments of computerized medical record information processing system(EMR's), Computer stored (Vs) Manual hand written record, Advantages of EMR (Vs) Manual	10
	Total	45 hrs

#### **SEMESTER-VI**

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Basic Intensive Care
Course Code	BOT 6.1

Teaching Objective	•	To learn Ventilation of patient in crisis: To know basic Physiotherapy techniques, feeding, Ryle's tube insertion. Suctioning and posturing of semiconscious and unconscious patients To learn the principles of working of different ventilators:
Learning Outcomes	•	Should be able to demonstrate all the basic intensive care required at operation theatre and in handling patient in crisis

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Care and maintenance of ventilators, suction machine, monitoring devices.	
2	Care, maintenance and operational capabilities of beds, lights and other apparatus.	
3	Air conditioning and control of pollution in ICU	
4	Attachment and intraoperative utility of ventilators and monitoring devices.	
5	Care of unconscious adult and pediatric patients.	
6	Physiotherapy techniques, feeding, Ryle's tube insertion and hyper alimentation.	
7	Suctioning and posturing of semiconscious and unconscious patients.	30
8	Oxygen therapy, maintenance of clear Airway	
9	Ventilation of patient in crisis:	
10	Mouth to mouth	
11	Mouth to ET Tube.	
12	Resuscitator/ bag valve mask assembly	
13	Short term ventilation/ Transport ventilators.	

14	ICU Laboratory; Detection of blood gases of the patient, Principles of ABG machines.	
15	Management of asepsis.	
16	Psychological aspects of the patient, relative and staff.	
Total		30 hrs

### **Reference:**

1. Mechanical Ventilation Book 1 - By Chang

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Specialized Anesthesia and Surgery
Course Code	BOT 6.2

Teaching Objective	<ul> <li>To learn Patient's record keeping preoperatively, during anesthesia and post-operatively</li> <li>To learn Principles and techniques of temperature monitoring.</li> <li>Positioning during cardiothoracic surgical procedures.</li> <li>To know Anesthetic and surgical requirement during pediatric and Neonatal surgical procedures including emergency procedures like tracheo-esophageal fistula.</li> </ul>
Learning Outcomes	• Able to help the anaesthesiologist in administering Anesthesia, assist in various procedures and also help in continuous monitoring of patients during surgery.

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.		
1	<ul> <li>Cardiovascular and Respiratory System- Techniques, equipment, procedures and instruments Cell saver techniques, Care, maintenance and working of Heart lung Machine. Patient's record keeping preoperatively, during anesthesia and post-operatively Principles and techniques of temperature monitoring. Positioning during cardiothoracic surgical procedures.</li> <li>Positioning and techniques for: Radial artery cannulation, Central venous cannulation/pulmonary artery catheter, Femoral artery/venous cannulation,</li> </ul>	15		
2	Monitoring Techniques and Equipment: Cardiac monitors, blood pressure and ECG monitoring, Respiratory monitors, respiratory rate, Spirometers, SpO2, and EtCO2, Temperature monitors, TEE and echocardiography machine, Non- invasive cardiac output machine	15		
3	<ol> <li>Positioning- During various neurosurgical procedures including sitting, prone, lateral and position for trans-sphenoidal hypo-physectomy, Fixation of head during various neurosurgical procedures, Prone and Knee chest position for spine surgery.</li> <li>Anaesthetic and surgical requirements during abdominal surgery including Laparoscopic surgery, genitourinary surgery</li> <li>Anesthetic and surgical requirement during renal transplant donor and recipient surgery including care and precautions during operative procedures of hepatitis B &amp; hepatitis C positive patients.</li> </ol>	15		
4	Anesthetic and surgical requirement during pediatric and Neonatal surgical procedures including emergency procedures like tracheo-esophageal fistula. Sub diaphragmatic hernia, major abdominal and thoracic procedures. Foreign body bronchus and esophagus	15		
Total				

- 1. Lee Synopsis Lee synopsis
- 2. MRogan
- 3. Medical surgical Brunner & Siddharth
- 4. Ortho-Lippincctt
- 5. OBG/GYN D.C. Dutta

BLDE (Deemed to be University)

Name of the Programme	B.Sc. Operation Theatre Technology
Name of the Course	Electronics and Technology in Surgery and Anesthesia
Course Code	BOT 6.3

	•	To learn the electrical safety precautions in operation theatre.
<b>Teaching Objective</b>		Management of operation theatre in routine and emergency
	•	Record keeping and Inventory maintenance.
	•	Knowable about Basic electronics, basic principle, care and
Learning Outcomes		maintenance of machine at OT.
Learning Outcomes	•	Able to manage Indenting, Record keeping and inventory maintenance

Sr. No.	Topics	No. of Hrs.
1	Electronics and electro mechanical techniques- Electrical safety precautions in operation theatre. OT tables, OT lights, suction, machines, electrodes, pressure transducers, electrical safety, application, handling Operation, Basic electronics, basic principle, care and maintenance and uses of surgical diathermy machine, defibrillator, Boyle's apparatus, anesthesia machine, monitors, pace-makers and stimulators etc. Engineering aspects of operation theatre equipment, power supplies, CVT, servo- stabilizers, and ups etc.	25
2	<b>Book keeping and Stock maintenance.</b> Moral aspects and duties of OT technologist, Indenting, Book keeping and storage procedures of different articles, Co-ordination with all working personal in operation Theatre, Psychological aspects of patient, staff and relatives of the patient, Management of operation theatre in routine and emergency, Computer data processing, software information and Data management, Logging on and off, Security concepts, Sending and receiving Emails, Hospital information system	20
	Total	45 hrs

#### BOT 6.4CP: ATOT Directed Clinical Education – IV

The course provides students the opportunity to continue to develop confidence and increased skill in simulation and treatment delivery. Students will demonstrate competence in beginning, intermediate, and advanced procedures in both areas. Students will participate in advanced and specialized treatment procedures.

(Total-675 hrs.)

#### INTERNSHIP

#### **Guidelines:**

1. The internship shall commence after the student has completed and passed all Courses up to VI semesters.

2. The internship is compulsory.

3. The duration of the internship shall be 6 Months.

4. The degree of Bachelor in Allied Health Sciences shall be awarded after the satisfactory completion of the internship.

#### **Evaluation of Internees:**

#### **Formative Evaluation:**

Day to day assessment of the internees during their internship postings should be done by the Head of the Department/Faculty assigned. The objective is that all the interns must acquire necessary minimum skills required for carrying out day to day professional work competently. This can be achieved by maintaining Records/Log Book by all internees. This will not only provide a demonstrable evidence of the processes of training but more importantly of the internee's own acquisition of competence as related to performance.

#### **Summative Evaluation**:

It shall be based on the observation of the Sr. Technical staff / Faculty of the department concerned and Record / Log book maintained by the interns. Based on these two evaluations, the Head of the Department shall issue certificate of satisfactory completion of training, following which the university shall award the degree or declare him/her eligible for it.

To implement the project work uniformly for all the specialties in view of the curriculum and training to be acceptable internationally and the students to get opportunity for higher studies and employment.

REGISTRAR BLDE (Deemed to be University) Vijayapura-586103. Karnataka